Logan County, Colorado

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Logan County Sterling, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the Untied States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated July 29, 2011, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, along with the local highway finance report, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133. Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the local highway finance report and the schedule of expenditure of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Lauer. Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado July 29, 2011

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis for Logan County offers readers a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2010 by \$41,221,290. Of this amount, \$8,460,683 may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- ➤ The County's total net assets increased by \$1,297,877 for the current year.
- As of December 31, 2010, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,235,535, a decrease of \$647,502 in comparison with the prior year.
- > Undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,718,111 at December 31, 2010.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Logan County's Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. In addition, this report contains other Required Supplementary Information, a Supplemental Information section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds (along with actual and budget comparison schedules) and its single enterprise fund.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- > The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - O Governmental Fund statements tell how general government services like judicial, public safety, health and welfare, auxiliary services, culture and recreation and public works were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - o Proprietary Fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities of the Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation.
 - O The Fiduciary Fund statement provides information about Agency Fund assets held by the County which is acting solely as a trustee of agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required components, a section is included with combining and individual fund statements that provide further detail about our non-major governmental funds described as special revenue funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in each of the basic financial statements, as well as our single enterprise fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The statement of net assets includes all of Logan County's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Logan County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how Logan County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into two categories:

- > Governmental activities: Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as general government, judicial, public safety, health and welfare, auxiliary services, culture and recreation and public works. Property taxes, sales and use tax and State and Federal grants finance most of these activities.
- > Business-type activities: Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation charges the County on an annual basis for the lease of the Justice Center.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- > Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The County Board of Commissioners establishes other funds to control and manage resources for particular purposes (i.e. Lodging Tax Fund, TV Translator Fund, Conservation Trust Fund) or show that certain taxes and grants are used appropriately (i.e. Special Revenue Funds).

The County has three kinds of funds:

- > Governmental funds: Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided on the subsequent page of the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between the two types of statements. Logan County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.
- Proprietary funds: Services for which the County charges customers a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.
 - The County's Enterprise Fund is classified as a business-type activity on the government-wide statements, but more detailed information is provided in the Proprietary Fund Statements, such as its cash flows. This is the Justice Center Fund.
- Fiduciary funds: The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Treasurer's Fund. The Treasurer, by statute, collects and distributes all property tax revenues to other County funds and local governments. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purpose. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. These balances are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 29 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net assets. As discussed earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of December 31, 2010, the County's net assets were \$41,221,290.

Total net assets for the County increased \$1,297,877. Total net assets for the governmental activities alone increased \$886,460 while the business-type activities increased \$411,417.

TABLE 1

Net Assets	(in	thousands)
------------	-----	------------

	_	Governmental Activities				iness Activ	s-type ities	Total			
	_	2010		2009		2010		2009	2010		2009
Capital assets Capital assets, net Other assets, net	\$	19,252 27,277 4	\$	19,636 25,665 6	\$	2,212 15,881 184	\$	6,509 16,325 334	\$ 21,464 43,158 188	\$	26,145 41,990 340
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	46,533	\$_	45,307	\$	18,277	\$	23,168	\$ 64.810	\$	68.475
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	9,025 2,747	\$	8,890 2,675	\$	35 11.782	\$	694 16,425	\$ 9,060 14,529	\$	9,584 19,100
Total liabilities		11,772		11,565		11,817		17,119	23,589		28,684
Invested in capital assets, net Restricted for emergencies Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	_	26,924 459 - 7.378		25,237 459 - 8,046		4,099 1,278 1,083		1,497 - 1,638 2,914	31,023 459 1,278 8,461		26,734 459 1,638 10,960
Total net assets	_	34,761		33,742		6,460		6,049	41.221		39,791
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	46,533	\$	45,307	\$	18,277	\$	23,168	\$ 64,810	\$	68,475

Description of net assets is as follows:

0	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$31,023,550
0	Restricted for emergencies	\$ 458,800
0	Restricted for debt service	\$ 1,278,257
0	Unrestricted	\$ 8,460,683

Other restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Included in this category are unspent proceeds for TABOR emergency funds of \$458,800.

Investment in capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) is 75% of Logan County's net assets. Logan County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending.

In addition, a portion of Logan County's net assets (4.21%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$8,460,683) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of 2010, Logan County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate Governmental and Business-type Activities.

Changes in net assets

The County's total revenue of \$21,473,033 was more than program expenses of \$20,175,156 for an increase in net assets of \$1,297,877.

TABLE 2

Changes in net assets (in thousands)

		vernr activi	mental ities	Busi A	ype ies	Total			
	 2010		2009	2010		2009	2010		2009
Program revenue									
Charges for services	\$ 2,408	\$	3,294	\$ 1,289	\$	2,246	\$ 3,697	\$	5,540
Operating grants	6,591		6,724	-		-	6,591		6,724
Capital grants	724		100	-		-	724		100
General revenues									
Property taxes	7,635		6,952	-		-	7,635		6,952
Specific ownership taxes	729		789	-		-	729		789
Sales and use taxes	1,289		2,246	-		-	1,289		2,246
Other taxes	101		82	-		-	101		82
Unrestricted earnings	42		224	82		180	124		404
Miscellaneous	540		607			-	540		607
Sale of assets	 43		32	-		-	43		32
Total revenues	20,102		21,051	1,371		2,.426	21,473		23,477
Program expenses									
General government	4,353		4,080	-		-	4.353		4,080
Judícial	355		336	-		-	355		336
Public safety	3,856		3,706	-		-	3,856		3,706
Health and welfare	4,193		4,549	-		-	4,193		4,549
Auxiliary services	553		498	-		-	553		498
Culture and recreation	637		564	-		-	637		564
Public works	5,250		5,166	-		-	5,250		5,166
Finance corporation	 18		20	960		1.360	978		1,380
Total expenses	19,215		18,919	960		1.360	 20.175		20.279
Change in net assets	886		2,132	411		1,066	1,298		3,198

TABLE 2

Changes in net assets (in thousands)

		nmental vities	Business Activ	• •	Total		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Net assets at beginning of year, as originally reported	33,742	31,534	6,049	4,983	39,791	36,517	
Prior period adjustment	132	76	-	-	132	76	
Net assets at beginning of year, as restated	33.875	31,610	6,049	4,983	39.923	36.593	
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 34,761 \$</u>	33,742 \$	6,460 \$	6,049 \$	41,221 \$	39,791	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental funds Overview. Logan County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As described earlier, the County's governmental funds provide information on short-term inflows and outflows, as well as what remains for future spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. For example, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2010, Logan County reported a combined fund balance of \$10,235,535. This amount was \$515,082 less than 2009. Of the total combined fund balance, approximately \$9,646,434 consists of unreserved fund balance, the portion of fund balance which serves as a measure of current available financial resources.

The reserved fund balance represents resources not available for spending or those on which legal restrictions have been placed. The County's reserved fund balance makes up \$589,101 of the combined total and includes the following:

\triangleright	Reserved for emergencies	\$458,800
\triangleright	Reserved for inventories	108,995
	Reserved for prepaid items	21,306

General Fund. The general Fund of Logan County accounts for all transactions not accounted for in other funds. As the county's major operating fund, the General Fund accounts for ordinary operating expenditures financed primarily by property taxes, sales and use tax and charges for services. The General Fund completed the year with a fund balance of \$3,733,679. This was a decrease of \$425,099 from the previous year's fund balance of \$4,158,778 primarily due to increased operating expenses and lower revenues received.

Road & Bridge Fund. The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for monies generated by property taxes, sales tax, highway users tax and other sources and expended for highway and road maintenance and repair. Road & Bridge had a 2010 ending fund balance of \$2,811,052, a increase of \$293,842 over 2009. Road & Bridge experienced an increase primarily due to receiving additional Highway Users Tax funds of \$258,951 from the prior year.

<u>Social Services Fund</u>. The Social Services Fund accounts for monies received from property taxes and state and federal grants expended for social welfare programs. Expenditures decreased \$298,209 from 2009 to 2010. The Social Service Fund balance increased in 2010 in the amount of \$139,200 to \$800,876 primarily due to conservative spending.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS OVERVIEW

A proprietary fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector where determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Logan County has only one proprietary fund which is the Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation. The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund statements start on page 24.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the Board of County Commissioners revised the County's budget one time. The reasons for amending the budget are:

- Supplemental appropriations to increase revenue and expenditure accounts due to the receipt of unanticipated grant revenue
- Unanticipated expenses from fund balance.

Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$1,144,763 below final supplemented budget amounts.

Resources available for appropriation were \$68,884 above final budget amounts primarily from unanticipated building permits and use tax, increased investment earnings, and additional sales tax revenue received above projected amount.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Logan County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2010, amounts to \$43,158,820 (net of accumulated depreciation). This amount includes a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, improvements and other infrastructure.

Logan County remains committed to the upkeep and maintenance of the County's largest assets. More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in table 3 and in Note E to the financial statements.

TABLE 3

Capital assets, net of depreciation (in thousands)

		Governmental Activities				iness <u>\ctiv</u>	-type ìties	Total			
	_	2010		2009		2010		2009	2010		2009
Land	\$	689	\$	614	\$	74	\$	74	\$ 763	\$	688
Construction in progress		1,027		674		-		-	1,027		674
Buildings		6,457		5,912		15,055		15,409	21,512		21,321
Equipment		4,949		4,792		143		198	5,092		4,990
Improvements		149		155		609		644	758		799
Infrastructure		14,006		13.518				<u> </u>	 14,006		13,518
Total	\$	27,277	\$	25,665	\$	15,881	\$	16,325	\$ 43,158	\$	41,990

Long-term debt. The County had \$15,527,407 in debt outstanding at year-end 2010. More detailed information about the County's long-term debt is presented in Table 4 and Note F to the financial statements.

TABLE 4

Long-term debt (in thousands)												
	_	Governmental Activities					iness- Activit		Total			
		2010		2009		2010		2009	2010		2009	
Landfill closure and postclosure costs Compensated absences Capital lease obligation-equipment Capital lease obligation-land Capital lease-renovation	\$	1,339 1,055 77 276	\$	1,297 971 - - 407	\$		\$	-	\$ 1,339 1,055 77 276	\$	1,297 971 - 407	
Certificates of participation, net of												

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

Total

premium, discount and deferred charges

In November of 2000 Logan County voters approved a one-half of one percent (0.5%) sales and use tax for the purpose of purchasing land and constructing a Justice Center. Certificates of Participation were issued for the funding of the construction. August of 2003 Logan County Justice Center was completed. The sales and use tax can only be used for construction expense. October 2010 the Certificates of Participation were refinanced allowing the Jail facility to be free of debt and reduces years of repayment on the Justice Center facility by 5 years to final payment in December 2021.

2,675 \$

2,747 \$

The ongoing expense to the County for maintenance and staffing of the facility may become an issue in the future. The difference in maintenance and staffing from 2002 to 2004 (first full year) was a minimum of \$500,000 and is included in the General Fund. In 2005 Logan County contracted with United States Federal Prisons to house Federal Prisoners as well as transporting them to help defray these additional costs, and continues through 2010. The County has a 110 bed facility in the Justice Center. However, more facilities are competing for the federal contracts and they are becoming more difficult to

17,000

17,000

17,000

11,782

11,782

11,782

obtain. If a large majority of these cells can be continually filled with non-county prisoners, the cost of maintenance and staffing will lessen the burden on the taxpayers.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Renovation of the Logan County Courthouse is a continuing project. The project began late in 2003 and is anticipated being completed by 2012. Logan County was granted \$566,000 from DOLA and \$458,140 from the Colorado Historical Society. DOLA also supplemented \$150,000 additional for Phase I to offset the increased expenses due to inflation. Phase I has been completed. Phase II consisted mainly of retrofitting HVAC systems and related electrical as well as masonry conservation and partial interior rehabilitation. A new telephone system was installed, and the Commissioners and Finance moved from their temporary offices in the Logan County Annex to the newly remodeled offices on the 2nd floor of the Courthouse March 2008. Additional grants were awarded to offset costs for Phase II-Part II in the amount of \$242,870 from the Colorado Historical Society and \$233,898 from DOLA with completion anticipated in 2009. In 2009, the Treasurer, Clerk & Recorder, and Motor Vehicle Department moved temporarily to the basement to start Phase III which included the renovation of the 1st floor. A CHS grant of \$149,000 was awarded for this project. Phase IV includes the interior finishes of the hearing room, 3rd floor, and various other miscellaneous items to be completed inside. Grants of \$410,770 (CHS) and \$250,000 (DOLA) were awarded to assist with this phase. A grant of \$35,000 was awarded by CHS to enclose mechanical and electrical services in the basement walls or ceiling. The Treasurer, Clerk & Recorder, Motor Vehicle, and Assessor offices were all back in the Courthouse by the close of 2010. Phase V will be costly as it includes exterior renovations of the dome/roofing, siding, painting, flag pole, etc. A grant will be requested from CHS, as well as attempts to find other grants or sources of funding. Due to state budgetary issues, DOLA will not be available for grant funding. All renovations are required to meet Colorado Historical Society requirements when receiving their grants.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund entered into an agreement with the State of Colorado in 2006 to purchase 185.22 acres of School Trust lands for \$500,000. The term of the agreement is 5 years or less requiring \$100,000 down and \$400,000 amortized at 6% per annum, with no pre-payment penalty. In addition, the County continued to pay the annual lease fee of \$3,000. Final payment was made in 2009 which the county took title of the lands and is no longer required to pay the annual lease fee.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Logan County continues to remain in good financial position. In preparing the 2011 budget, revenue was anticipated from non-county prisoners in order to defray the cost of maintaining and staffing the Justice Center. The County will need to be very cautious with their spending until new revenue sources can be found to be consistent. The county contracts with Correctional Healthcare Management Inc. which manages inmate medical health care and works with existing doctors and pharmacies to control costs. Due to TABOR, the mill levy limit cannot be increased without a vote of the public. If the County is unable to bring in enough revenue to cover all the costs of services to which taxpayers are accustomed, services will be reviewed to determine priority and necessity.

The adopted budgeted expenditures for governmental activities for 2011 decreased by \$5,102,806. This decrease is due to Phase IV of the Courthouse renovation largely completed in 2010, reducing the Justice Center debit significantly when refinancing in 2010, and adopting a conservative approach to spending practices in anticipation of years to come.

In 2010, Logan County agreed to be the host for a grant for Iliff Head Start. Iliff Head Start needed major repairs to their building's roof. They applied for a grant thru CDBG and were awarded \$246,911. Due to the project coming in under budget, \$241,138 was received from CDBG. Logan County, City of Sterling, and miscellaneous donations provided \$11,144 for support of the project.

Logan County purchased 100 acres in 2010 of Colorado State Land for the purpose of creating a new industrial park east of Sterling. The anchor tenant, Star Clean Oil, plans to break ground on their oil re-refining facility by mid-year 2011. Eleven blocks ranging in size from 2.34 to 7.0 acres are available for development. The site is accessible by US Highway 6 and will have rail access.

NOTES OF INTEREST

The wind farms in Logan County have been a great addition to the county, and have provided revenue through property tax, building permits and use tax. They also benefit the local economy through employment opportunities and community growth. A new wind farm development in the Fleming area is anticipated in the future, but remains in the preliminary discussion stage at this point.

In 2009, television airways were required by legislation to broadcast digitally rather than the traditional analog transmissions. The county's TV Translator Manager obtained \$27,606 (2009) and \$20,096 (2010) in grants to upgrade the equipment to digital so the local UHF users will continue to receive television. Grants are on a reimbursement basis with more upgrades to be completed in 2011.

In 2008 a new 8,400 square feet addition was added to the Central Services Building for the Department of Social Services for a total cost of \$1,097,058. Updating the old building with new carpet and paint, plus graveling the parking lot was completed in 2009 for an additional \$75,210. Logan County received grants from CDBG in the amount of \$500,000 for construction of the addition, and \$25,000 from USDA Rural Development Solutions for installation of a fire sprinkler system. Landscaping of the lot was completed in 2010.

The new Road & Bridge fuel facility and shop was completed in 2008. Construction began in 2006 with final move in date April 2008. Two grants were awarded from DOLA - \$250,000 for the construction of the building, and \$95,000 for the fuel facility. Final overall project cost was \$705,546.48 with total grant award of \$345,000.

In 2004, Homeland Security Grants and the northeast region began a coordinated effort to expand the DTRS (digital Trunked radio System) into the northeast corner of the state, populating the region with portable radios, consolettes, and other equipment to promote interoperability. By expanding and strengthening the DTRS in Logan County, the state is able to complete its coverage of critical areas of the state. The emergency manager for Logan County received a grant for the 800 MHZ expansion in the amount of \$404,340 to complete this project in 2006 with no expense to the county.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, 315 Main, Sterling, Colorado, 80751, or by telephone at (970) 522-0880.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the County include the following:

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes communicate information essential for fair presentation of the financial statements that is not displayed on the face of the financial statements. As such, the notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash investments	\$ 9,846,587	\$ 718,118	\$ 10,564,705
Receivables	9,274,981	215,479	9,490,460
Inventory	108,995		108,995
Prepaid items	21,306		21,306
Restricted cash and cash investments		1,278,257	1,278,257
Capital assets, net of depreciation	27,277,257	15,881,563	43,158,820
Other assets, net of amortization	3,889	183,987	187,876
Total assets	\$ 46,533,015	\$ 18,277,404	\$ 64,810,419
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 617,743		\$ 617,743
Accrued salaries and benefits	216,727		216,727
Deferred property tax revenues	7,729,209		7,729,209
Deferred grant revenues	452,655		452,655
Accrued interest payable	8,095	\$ 34,830	42,925
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	172,731	965,000	1,137,731
Due in more than one year	2,574,676	10,817,463	13,392,139
Total liabilities	11,771,836	11,817,293	23,589,129
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	26,924,450	4,099,100	31,023,550
Restricted for emergencies	458,800		458,800
Restricted for debt service		1,278,257	1,278,257
Unrestricted	7,377,929	1,082,754	8,460,683
Total net assets	34,761,179	6,460,111	41,221,290
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 46,533,015	\$ 18,277,404	\$ 64,810,419

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		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 4,352,713	\$ 935,796		\$ 695,831		
Judicial	354,645					
Public safety	3,855,980	704,627	\$ 138,070	28,183		
Health and welfare	4,193,555	8,039	2,860,010			
Auxiliary services	552,769					
Culture and recreation	637,587	353,122	80,640			
Public works	5,249,705	406,830	3,512,232			
Interest on long-term debt	18,535					
Total governmental activities	19,215,489	2,408,414	6,590,952	724,014		
Business-type activities						
Finance corporation	959,667	1,289,378				
Total primary government	\$ 20,175,156	\$ 3,697,792	\$ 6,590,952	\$ 724,014		

General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Specific ownership taxes

Sales and use taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted earnings on investments

Miscellaneous

Sale of assets

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year, as originally reported

Prior period adjustment

Net assets at beginning of year, as restated

Net assets at end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (2,721,086) (354,645) (2,985,100) (1,325,506) (552,769) (203,825) (1,330,643)		\$ (2,721,086) (354,645) (2,985,100) (1,325,506) (552,769) (203,825) (1,330,643)
(9,492,109)	\$ -	(9,473,574)
	329,711	329,711
(9,492,109)	329,711	(9,162,398)
7,634,618 729,455 1,289,343 100,522 42,035 539,361	81,706	7,634,618 729,455 1,289,343 100,522 123,741 539,361
43,235		43,235
10,378,569	81,706	10,460,275
886,460	411,417	1,297,877
33,742,299	6,048,694	39,790,993
132,420		132,420
33,874,719	6,048,694	39,923,413
\$ 34,761,179	\$ 6,460,111	\$ 41,221,290

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

		General Fund		Road and ridge Fund		Social Services Fund	Capital cenditures Fund
Assets Cash and cash investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other entities Due from other funds	\$	3,675,630 5,979,946 350,075	\$	2,599,132 496,385 394,203	\$	993,771 744,577 14,712 277,062	\$ 201,347 372,289 426,128
Inventory of supplies Prepaid items		15,568		108,995	_		
Total assets	\$	10,021,219	\$	3,598,715	\$	2,030,122	\$ 999,764
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities							
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds	\$	148,351 144,057 529	\$	225,261 66,017	\$	66,326	\$ 159,210
Deferred property tax revenues Deferred revenues		5,979,946 14,657		496,385	_	744,577 418,343	 372,289
Total liabilities		6,287,540		787,663		1,229,246	531,499
Fund balance Reserved for emergencies Reserved for inventories Reserved for prepaid items Unreserved, reported in		15,568		108,995			
General fund Special revenue funds	-	3,718,111		2,702,057		800,876	468,265
Total fund balance		3,733,679	_	2,811,052		800,876	468,265
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	10,021,219	\$	3,598,715	\$	2,030,122	\$ 999,764

Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	2,376,707 136,012 83,063 529 5,738	\$ 9,846,587 7,729,209 1,268,181 277,062 529 108,995 21,306
\$	0.500.040	\$ 19,251,869
\$	18,066 6,653 136,012	\$ 617,214 216,727 529 7,729,209
_	19,655	9,016,334
	458,800 5,738	458,800 108,995 21,306
_	1,957,125	3,718,111 5,928,323
_	2,421,663	10,235,535
\$	2,602,049	\$ 19,251,869

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 10,235,535
Capital and other assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	27,281,146
Long-term liabilities and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(2,755,502)
Net assets of the governmental activities	\$ 34,761,179

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LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Social Services Fund	Capital Expenditures Fund
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 6,421,070	\$ 1,737,939	\$ 824,952	\$ 383,789
Licenses and permits	67,564			
Intergovernmental	627,098	3,512,232	2,860,010	724,014
Charges for services	769,111	32,072		1,897
Miscellaneous	607,921	65,696	18,974	3,022
Total revenues	8,492,764	5,347,939	3,703,936	1,112,722
Expenditures Current				
General government	3,924,509	64,059		29,023
Judicial	354,645	·		
Public safety	3,549,216			
Health and welfare	431,760		3,564,736	
Auxiliary services	517,194			
Culture and recreation				
Public works		4,711,642		
Capital outlay	207,237	362,542		1,420,273
Debt service				
Principal	42,499			131,027
Interest	350			14,245
Reserve for contingency				425
Total expenditures	9,027,410	5,138,243	3,564,736	1,594,993
Excess of revenues over		000 505	400.000	4400.05
(under) expenditures	(534,646)	209,696	139,200	(482,271)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in	(17.000)			
Transfers out Capital lease proceeds	(17,000) 119,334			
Sale of assets	7,213	84,146		59,580
Saic of assets	7,213	84,140		39,380
Total other financing sources (uses)	109,547	84,146		59,580
Net change in fund balance	(425,099)	293,842	139,200	(422,691)
Fund balance at beginning of year, as originally reported	4,158,778	2,517,210	661,676	758,536
Prior period adjustment				132,420
Fund balance at beginning of year,				
as restated	4,158,778	2,517,210	661,676	890,956
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,733,679	\$ 2,811,052	\$ 800,876	\$ 468,265

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 386,188 80,540	\$ 9,753,938 67,564 7,803,994
559,148 375,377	1,362,228 1,070,990
1,401,353	20,058,714
6,148	4,023,739 354,645
90,727 88,617	3,639,943 4,085,113
576,652 440,129 479,519	517,194 576,652 5,151,771 2,469,571
113,013	173,526 14,595
	425
1,681,792	21,007,174
(280,439)	(948,460)
17,000	17,000 (17,000)
30,685	119,334 181,624
47,685	300.958
(232,754)	(647,502)
2,654,417	10,750,617
	132,420
2,654,417	10,883,037
\$ 2,421,663	\$ 10,235,535

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (647,502)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period.	1,743,579
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences, accrued interest and landfill closure and postclosure care costs - are measured by the amounts incurred or earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).	(130,420)
In the statement of activities, no gain on the sale of land and buildings is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital assets sold.	(133,389)
The issuance of long-term debt debt provide current financial resources in the governmental funds, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets.	(119,334)
Payments related to the capital lease obligation are reported as an expenditures in the governmental funds, however, these payments reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.	173,526
Change in nets asset of governmental activities	\$ 886,460

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LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2010

		siness-type Activities
	Enterprise Fund	
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash investments	\$	718,118
Accounts receivable		215,479
Total current assets		933,597
Noncurrent assets		
Restricted assets		
Cash and cash investments		1,278,257
Capital assets, net of depreciation		15,881,563
Other assets		
Issuance costs on certificates of participation, net of amortization		183,987
Total noncurrent assets		17,343,807
Total assets	\$	18,277,404

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund
Liabilities Current liabilities Accrued interest payable Current portion of certificates of participation	\$ 34,830 965,000
Total current liabilities	999,830
Noncurrent liabilities Certificates of participation, net of premiums, discounts and deferred charges	10,817,463
Total liabilities	11,817,293
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	4,099,100 1,278,257 1,082,754
Total net assets	6,460,111
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 18,277,404

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Business-type Activities
	Enterprise Fund
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 1,289,378
Operating expenses General and administrative Depreciation and amortization	27,863 484,737
Total operating expenses	512,600
Operating income	776,778
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Earnings on investments Interest paid on certificates of participation	81,706 (447,067)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(365,361)
Change in net assets	411,417
Net assets at beginning of year	6,048,694
Net assets at end of year	\$ 6,460,111

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Business-type Activities
	Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,283,010
Payments to suppliers	(27,863)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,255,147
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Proceeds from issuance of new bonds	12,780,000
Proceeds from bond premium	556,921
Proceeds from transfer of prior issue reserve account	1,638,000
Underwriter's discount Bond issuance costs	(127,800)
Bond insurance premium	(101,430) (86,836)
Transfer to new issue reserve account	(1,278,000)
Deposit into escrow account	(18,179,742)
Interest paid on certificates of participation	(481,683)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(5,280,570)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Earnings on investments	81,456
Net cash provided by investing activities	81,456
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(3,943,967)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,662,085
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 718,118
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	\$ 776,778
operating activities Depreciation and amortization	484,737
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(6,368)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,255,147

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2010

	Agency Fund
Assets	
Cash and cash investments	\$ 1,258,011
Total assets	\$ 1,258,011
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	\$ 1,258,011
Total liabilities	\$ 1,258,011

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies

This summary of Logan County's significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The County also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental and business-type activities and to its enterprise funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A.1 - Reporting entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The reporting entity's financial statements should present the funds of the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and provide an overview of the discretely presented component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations. Discretely presented component units, if any, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The County has examined other entities that could be included as defined in number 2 and 3 above. Based on these criteria, the Logan County Pest Control District, the E 911 Authority and the Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation are included in the County's basic financial statements using blended presentation.

Blended component units

<u>Logan County Pest Control District</u> – A separate legal entity according to Colorado State Statutes, is included in the County's basic financial statements as a special revenue fund. The District is not governed by a separately elected governing body other than the Board of County Commissioners. There are no separately issued financial statements.

<u>E 911 Authority</u> – A separate legal entity included in the County's basic financial statements as a special revenue fund. The Board of County Commissioners appoints the governing board of the Authority. There are no separately issued financial statements.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

<u>Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation</u> – A separate legal entity formed in 2001 for the purpose of financing the acquisition of the Logan County Justice Center. The Corporation is included in the County's basic financial statements as an enterprise fund. The Board of County Commissioners appoints the governing board of the Corporation. There are no separately issued financial statements.

A.2 - Fund accounting

The County uses funds to report its financial position and results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked funds (special revenue funds), major capital projects (capital projects fund), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service fund). The following are the County's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. It is used to account for most of the day-to-day operations of the County which are financed from sales and use taxes, property taxes and other general revenues. Activities financed by the general fund include those of line and staff departments within the County, except for activities of the enterprise funds.

Road and Bridge Fund – This fund records costs related to county road and bridge construction and maintenance. By state law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund and a portion of road and bridge taxes is allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.

<u>Social Services Fund</u> – This fund administers social services programs under state and federal regulations. Programs include, but are not limited to, Medicaid, food stamps, foster care programs, senior service programs, job training services, and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). Colorado counties are required by law to maintain a Social Services Fund.

<u>Capital Expenditures Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. This fund is financed through a combination of property taxes and state grants.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of the changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is the County's major proprietary fund:

<u>Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation</u> – This fund is used to account for the financing of the construction of the Logan County Justice Center. Financing for the project was provided by the sale of certificates of participation through the finance corporation. Debt service for the certificates of participation will be made from future lease payments and the receipt of sales and use taxes.

Fiduciary funds focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and are therefore not available to support the County's own programs. The County has one agency fund.

Note A.3 - Basis of presentation

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Financial Statements

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources management focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, which reports the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds focus on net assets and changes in net assets and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (private-purpose trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address the activities or obligations of the County, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

A.4 - Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenues – exchange and nonexchange transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. State equalization monies are recognized as revenues during the period in which they are appropriated. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes collected within sixty days after year-end, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

<u>Deferred revenue</u> – Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the County before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A.5 - Budgets and budgetary accounting

Annual budgets are established for all funds of the County, except for the pension trust funds, as required by its local charter. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for the enterprise fund (Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation) in which capital and principal retirement expenses are treated as operating expenses and depreciation expense is not budgeted.

An appropriated budget for the entity as a whole is prepared on a detailed basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and the major divisions thereof and by each independent office and agency and by the principal objects of expenditure. The legal level of control is considered to be at the individual fund level and expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. All budget revisions at this level are subject to final review and approval by the Board of County Commissioners. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without the Board of County Commissioners approval. Revisions to the budget were made throughout the year.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to October 15th, the finance office submits to the Board of County Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1st for all funds, except agency funds.
- The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31st, the budget is legally adopted through passage of adoption and appropriation resolutions.

A.6 - Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized by the County to record purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are canceled and reappropriated in the ensuing year's budget.

A.7 - Cash and cash investments

The Logan County Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all County funds. Each funds' portion of this pool is displayed as "cash and cash investments".

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A.8 - Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

A.9 - Short-term interfund receivables/payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net assets, and are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

A.10 - Receivables

The County has elected the reserve method of accounting for uncollectible accounts receivable. Amounts included in the reserve are based on accounting policies established by the Colorado Department of Human Services. All payments in arrears of social service accounts receivable are included in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

A.11 - Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories in the Road and Bridge Fund consist of construction and maintenance supplies and are recorded at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories in this fund are offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that it does not constitute "available spendable resources" even though it is a component of net current assets.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

A.12 - Capital assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective fund financial statements.

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

All capital assets with a unit cost greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is not available) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value on the date received. Improvements to assets are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not.

Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (such as parking facilities, sidewalks, landscaping and lighting systems) have been capitalized on a prospective basis beginning in 2004. In 2007, the County retroactively capitalized its infrastructure assets as provided in GASB Statement No. 34.

All reported capital assets are depreciated with the exception of land costs. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities
Buildings	25-50 years	25-50 years
Equipment	3-15 years	5-10 years
Improvements other than buildings	25-50 years	25-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years	n/a

A.13 - Compensated absences

The County reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." The County has adopted a personnel policy which provides for annual sick and vacation leave.

Paid Time Off leave

Full-time and part-time employees begin to accrue paid time off leave at the beginning of the first full pay period that they work for the County. Paid time off leave cannot be used in advance of earning it and no paid time off leave may be taken until after the pay period in which it is accrued. Part-time employees accrue paid time off leave on a pro rata basis depending on the number of hours they actually worked during the pay period and their number of years of continuous service with the County. Full time employees accrue paid time off leave for each bi-weekly pay period on the following basis of continuous service:

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Years of service	rs of service Bi-weekly accrual of hours	
1-5 years	7.5 hours	288 hours
6-10 years	8.5 hours	324 hours
Over 10 years	9.5 hours	360 hours

Sick Leave Transition Reserve

Employees who had sick leave accrual balance as of July 7, 2008 had their balance rolled over into their own individual Sick Leave Transition Reserve which will be useable only for sick leave purposes only after the paid time off conversion date.

Any employee with a Sick Leave Transition Reserve balance above four hundred hours may purchase eight hours of pay for thirty-two hours of accumulated Sick Leave Transition Reserve or convert thirty-two hours of accumulated Sick Leave Transition Reserve for eight hours of paid time off leave. Under no circumstances shall an employee be permitted to purchase or transfer accumulated Sick Leave Transition Reserve below the four hundred hour accrual amount.

Upon the retirement, resignation or dismissal of any employee with at least ten years of active, continuous employment with the County, the County will grant eight hours of pay for every thirty-two hours of all unused Sick Leave Transition Reserve.

Upon the resignation or dismissal of any employee with less than ten years of active, continuous employment with the County, the County will grant eight hours of pay for every thirty-two hours of unused Sick Leave Transition Reserve between the four hundred and seven hundred twenty hour accrual amounts.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued compensated absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of the compensated absences is reported as a fund liability. The amounts recorded as liabilities for all applicable compensated absences include salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences, using the rates in effect at the balance sheet date.

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A.14 - Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the noncurrent portion of compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. Bonds payable and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

A.15 - Fund balance reserves

The County reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods.

A.16 - Net assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are liabilities imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The County applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

A.17 - Operating revenues and expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are lease revenues from the receipt of sales and use taxes. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note A - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A.18 - Interfund transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. In general, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

A.19 - Extraordinary and special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the board of county commissioners and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The County had no items that qualify for reporting as special items.

Note B - Cash and investments

Cash and deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the County's deposits of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Acts (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans require state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The PDPA require eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Colorado or Colorado local governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group and not held in any individual government's name. The fair value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

<u>Custodial credit risk - deposits</u> - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year-end, the County had total deposits of \$12,430,435, of which \$2,066,615 was insured and \$10,363,820 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department or agent in the County's name.

Note B - Cash and investments (continued)

Investments

<u>Authorized investments</u> - Investment policies are governed by Colorado State Statutes and the County's own investment policies and procedures. Investments of the County may include:

- Obligations of the United States Government such as treasury bills, notes and bonds
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities
- Bankers acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

At year-end, the County had the following investment that was not categorized because it is not evidenced by specific securities due to the nature of the investment pool:

		Investment maturities (in years)		
Investment type	Fair value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10
Investment in Colotrust	\$ 1,422,549	\$ 1,422,549	\$ -	\$ -
Government securities	513,269	513,269		\$ -
Totals	<u>\$ 1.935.818</u>	<u>\$ 1,935,818</u>	\$ -	\$

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing rates.

<u>Credit risk</u> – State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the highest rating from at least on nationally recognized rating agency at the time of purchase. At year-end, the County's investments in Colotrust and government securities were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and cash investments on the statement of net assets:

Note B - Cash and investments (continued)

Cash Certificates of deposit Colotrust Government securities	\$	6,615,124 4,550,031 1,422,549 513,269
Total cash and cash investments	<u>\$</u>	13,100,973
Statement of net assets Cash and cash investments Restricted cash and cash investments	\$	10,564,705 1,278,257
Statement of fiduciary net assets Cash and cash investments	_	1,258,011
Total	\$	13,100,973

Note C - Receivables

Receivables at year-end consist of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities	Total <u>Receivables</u>
Property taxes Accounts Due from other entities	\$ 7,729,209 1,268,710 <u>277,062</u>	\$ - 215,479	\$ 7,729,209 1,484,189 277,062
Total	\$ _9,274,981	<u>\$ 215,479</u>	\$ 9,490,460

Property taxes are levied on December 15th and attach as a lien on property the following January 1st. They are payable in full by April 30th or are due in two equal installments on February 28th and June 15th. Logan County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the County. The tax receipts collected by the county are remitted to the County in the subsequent month.

Note D - Interfund transactions

Due From	Due To	Amount	
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	529

All balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Note D - Interfund transactions (continued)

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount	
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$ 17,000	

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. The County annually transfers funds from the General Fund to the Fair Fund to provide support for the annual Logan County Fair. The current year transfer was in the amount of \$17,000.

Note E - Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Adjustments	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 613,611	\$ 151,778	\$ (75,889)	\$ 689,500
Construction in progress	673,812	1,026,733	(673,812)	1,026,733
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated:	1,287,423	1,178,511	(749,701)	1,716,233
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	8,791,544	24,330	673,812	9,489,686
Equipment	13,282,256	1,044,713	(560,764)	13,766,205
Improvements	423,662		<u>-</u>	423,662
Infrastructure	<u>20,963.031</u>	862,427		21,825,458
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	43,460,493	1,931,470	113,048	45,505,011
Total capital assets	44,747,916	3,109,981	(636,653)	47,221,244
Less accumulated depreciation for	·:			
Buildings	(2,879,987)	(152,630)	-	(3,032,617)
Equipment	(8,489,842)	(830,275)	503,265	(8,816,852)
Improvements	(268,622)	(5,891)	-	(274,513)
Infrastructure	_(7,444,732)	(375,273)		(7,820,005)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,083,183)	(1,364,069)	503,265	(19,943,987)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 25,664,733</u>	<u>\$ 1,745,912</u>	<u>\$(133,388)</u>	\$ 27,277,257

Note E - Capital assets (Continued)

	•			
	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Adjustments	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 74,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 74,267
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	17,677,328			17,677,328
Equipment	551,528	_	-	551,528
Land improvements	<u>865,985</u>	-	-	865,985
Land improvements	000,960		<u>-</u>	
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	19,094,841			19,094,841
Total capital assets	19,169,108	-	-	19,169,108
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	(2,268,592)	(353,547)	-	(2,622,139)
Equipment	(353,346)	(55,153)	-	(408,499)
Land improvements	(222,268)	(34,639)		(256,907)
79-1-1	(0.044.006)	(4.44.000)		10.005.545
Total accumulated depreciation	[2,844,206]	(443,339)		(3,287,545)
Business-type activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 16,324,902	\$ (443,339)	\$ -	\$ 15,881,563
capital assets, net	Ψ 10,021,502	<u>Ψ (++0,002)</u>	9	<u>\$ 10,002,000</u>
Depreciation expense was char	ged to program	ns of the prima	ry government	as follows:
2 op. oo.aaati onponoo waa chan	Sea to brogram	no or the prima	i, government	as 10110 ws.
Governmental activities				
General government			\$	156,667
Public safety			Ψ	172,772
Health and welfare				
				50,865
Auxiliary services				33,428
Culture and recreation				45,839
Public works			_	904,4 <u>98</u>
Total governmenta	d activities		<u>\$</u>	<u>1,364,069</u>
Business-type activities				
Justice Center			<u>\$</u>	443,339

Note F - Long-term debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances	Due within one year
Governmental activities Landfill closure					
and postclosure	\$ 1,296,918	\$ 42,767	\$ -	\$ 1,339,685	\$ -
Capital lease obligation-vehicles	_	119,334	(42,499)	76,835	37,118
Capital lease obligation-renovation	407,000	-	(131,027)	275,973	135,613
Compensated absences	971,201	83,713		1,054,914	
Total	\$ 2,675,119	<u>\$ 245,814</u>	<u>\$ (173,526)</u>	\$ 2,747,407	<u>\$ 172,731</u>

The compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund. The County believes that the current portion of compensated absences is negligible and is therefore not reported.

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances	Due within one year
Business-type activities Certificates of					
participation Bond premium	\$17,000,000 49,856	\$ 12,780,000 509,508	\$(17,000,000) (15,100)	\$ 12,780,000 544,264	\$ 965,000
Bond discount Deferred amount	(88,675)	(43,471)	7,251	(124,895)	-
on refunding		(1,449,857)	32,951	(1,416,906)	
Totals	\$16.961.181	\$ 11,796,180	\$(16,974,898)	\$ 11,782,463	\$ 965,000

Note F - Long-term debt (Continued)

Landfill closure and postclosure care costs

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has adopted Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, which provides guidance for the accounting and financial reporting of these closure and postclosure care costs. State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,339,685 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at year-end represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on 82 percent usage of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$291,520 as the remaining estimated capacity is The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure cost (\$1,631,205) is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired at year-end. Closure and postclosure costs are estimated to be \$1,225,150 and \$406,055, respectively. The County expects to close the cell in the year 2014. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to demonstrate financial assurance. The County is in compliance with these requirements through the local government financial test.

Capital lease obligation-renovation

In September 2009, the County entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Brokerage Service to finance a lease obligation. The lease proceeds are to be used to purchase Central Services building expansion and Logan County Courthouse renovations. The agreement calls for a lease term of three years. Annual payments of \$145,272 are due September 15 of each year, with a final payment due in September 2012. The average interest rate over the lease term is 3.5%. The capital lease obligation is secured by three motor graders owned by the County.

Capital lease obligation-vehicles

In January 2010, the County entered into an agreement with Kansas State Bank of Manhattan to finance a lease obligation. The lease proceeds are to be used to purchase four vehicles by the Sheriff's department. The agreement calls for a lease term of two years. Annual payments of \$42,499 are due January 7 of each year, with a final payment due in January 2012. The average interest rate over the lease term is 7.0%. The capital lease obligation is secured by the four vehicles owned by the County.

Note F - Long-term debt (continued)

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases above, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments at yearend:

Year ended December 31,	Debt service requirement
2011	\$ 187,771
2012	187,771
Total minimum lease payments	375,542
Less amount representing interest	22,734
Present value of future net minimum lease payments	\$ 352,808

Certificates of participation

The certificates of participation were issued by the Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation (the Finance Corporation) to finance the construction of the Logan County Justice Center. Underlying the certificates is an annually renewable lease, subject to annual appropriation, entered into between the County and the Finance Corporation. The certificates and the interest thereon are payable solely from annually appropriated base rentals to be paid by the County under the lease.

Advance refunding

On October 5, 2010, the Finance Corporation issued \$12,780,000 in refunding certificates of participation with variable interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 4.00% to advance refund \$15,815,000 of outstanding Series 2001 certificates with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.50%. The net proceeds of \$16,946,190 (after payment of \$316,066 in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs and payment \$1,233,553 to 2001 subaccounts of certificate fund) were deposited into an escrow account created pursuant to an agreement between the Finance Corporation and its escrow agent. The moneys in the account were used to purchase United States government securities which will provide for all debt service payments on the advance refunded certificates. As a result, \$610,000 of the Series 2001 certificates are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the financial statements.

The Finance Corporation advance refunded the Series 2001 certificates to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 16 years by \$9,762,003 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,481,817.

Note F - Long-term debt (continued)

Neither the certificates nor the lease constitute a general obligation indebtedness of the County or a multiple-fiscal year County debt or other financial obligation within the meaning of any Colorado Constitutional or statutory provision. The lease payments made by the County to the Finance Corporation will be equal to the annual debt service requirements of the Finance Corporation.

A summary of annual requirements to repay the certificates of participation is as follows:

Year ended December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016-2020	\$ 965,000 995,000 1,030,000 1,070,000 1,115,000 6,475,000	\$ 417,950 398,650 378,750 358,150 326,050 1,018,600	\$ 1,382,950 1,393,650 1,408,750 1,428,150 1,441,050 7,493,600
2021	1,130,000	45,200	1,175.200
Total	\$12,780,000	\$ 2,943,350	\$ 15,723,350

A reserve fund of \$1,278,257 is required and is included in the Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation.

Note G - Risk management

The County is a member of the Colorado Counties, Inc. insurance pools as described below:

Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the County Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The County's financial contribution for the year was \$198,772. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of the CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note G - Risk management (continued)

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. The County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County's financial contribution for the year was \$210,235. The intergovernmental agreement of formation of the CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining through member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention, which is determined each policy year.

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; claims relating to professional liability; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

Note H - Pension plans

The County contributes to the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined contribution plan administered by the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA). The Plan was established by the State Legislature under Title 24, Article 54 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS), as amended, in order to provide benefits at retirement to employees and officers of the County. At year-end, there were 187 plan members. Plan members are required to contribute at a rate of 4% of covered salary. The County is required to contribute 4% of covered payroll. In accordance with the provisions of the Plan, the County and its employees and officers each contributed \$284,425 to the Plan during the year. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended under Title 24, Article 54, Part 101 of the CRS, as amended. CCOERA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to CCOERA, 4949 South Syracuse, Suite 400, Denver, Colorado 80237 or by calling (303) 713-9400 in the Denver metro area, or 1-800-352-0313 from outside the metro area.

Note I - Deferred compensation plans

The County has a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is administrated by an independent plan administrator through an administrative service agreement. The plan is available to all County employees working a minimum of twenty hours per week. Employees defer a portion of their salary until future years. Deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or financial hardship.

Amendments to the laws governing Section 457 deferred compensation plans substantially became effective January 1, 1997. The County approved plan amendments such that plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets will not be diverted to any other purpose.

Note J – Joint venture

The County participates in the Colorado Counties, Inc. Insurance Pool (the Pool). This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity because the Pool:

- is financially independent and responsible for its own financing deficits and entitled to its own surpluses,
- has a separate governing board from that of the County,
- has a separate management which is responsible for day to day operations and is accountable to the separate governing board,
- governing board and management have the ability to significantly influence operations by approving budgetary requests and adjustments, signing contracts, hiring personnel, exercising control over facilities and determining the outcome or disposition of matters affecting the recipients of services provided, and
- has absolute authority over all funds and fiscal responsibility including budgetary responsibility and reporting to state agencies and controls fiscal management.

The County has one member on the board. This board has final authority for all budgeting and financing of the joint venture.

Separate financial statements of the Colorado Counties, Inc. Insurance Pool are available by contacting their administrative office in Denver, Colorado.

Note K - Commitments and contingencies

Federal and state funding

The County receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs which are subject to final review and approval by the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note K - Commitments and contingencies (Continued)

TABOR Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the County under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate. In 1997, the voters of the County approved a ballot initiative permitting the County to retain, appropriate, and utilize, by retention for reserve, carryover fund balance, or expenditure, the full proceeds and revenues received from every source whatsoever, without limitation, in this fiscal year and all subsequent fiscal years notwithstanding any limitation of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation.

The County believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR. However, the County has made certain interpretations of TABOR's language in order to determine its compliance. The County has reserved funds in the Contingency Fund and the Pest Control Fund in the amount of \$458,800 in satisfaction of this requirement.

Contingent liabilities

The County is a defendant in various threatened or pending legal action for property damages and other miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the financial resolution of these matters is not presently determinable. Adequate insurance is carried to cover actual damages in most cases. Management and legal counsel are of the opinion that the final outcome of the claims will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial statements.

Note L - Reconciliation of budgetary and non-budgetary items

The following are reconciliations of the budgetary basis with the basis used for financial reporting of expenses and net assets in the Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation:

Expenses reported under the budgetary basis of accounting	\$	4,694,930
Deduct principal paid on certificates of participation Add amortization on bond discount, premium and issuance		(4,220,000)
costs charged to interest expense		41,398
Add depreciation		443,339
Expenses reported under the basis of accounting used for		
financial reporting	\$	959,667
Net assets reported under the budgetary basis of accounting	\$	2,211,854
Add capital assets, net of depreciation		15,881,563
Add discount on certificates of participation, net of amortization Add issuance costs on certificates of participation, net of		124,895
amortization		183,987
Add deferred amount on refunding, net of amortization		1,416,906
Deduct accrued interest payable		(34,830)
Deduct certificates of participation	(12,780,000)
Deduct premium on certificates of participation, net of accretion		(544,264)
Net assets reported under the basis of accounting used for		
financial reporting	\$	6,460,111

Note M - Prior period adjustment

Adjustments have been made to the fund balance of the Capital Expenditures Fund in the amount of \$132,420 to correct errors in the prior period financial statements. The County was awarded a state historical grant to for the renovation of the county building, with certain of the costs incurred and expended in the prior year. However, the County did not recognize the related receivable and revenue associated with the work done in the prior year. An adjustment has also been made to the net asset balance of the Governmental Activities in the amount of \$132,420 related to the above corrections.

Note N - Noncash program activity

Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures

	Α Α	В	С	D	E
Program	County EBT Authorizations	County Share of Authorizations	Expenditures by County Warrant	County EBT Authorizations plus Expenditures by County Warrant (Col. A + Col. C)	Total Expenditures (Col. B + Col. C)
Old Age Pension	\$ 220,230	\$ 354	\$ 21,675	\$ 241,905	\$ 22,029
Low-Income Energy					
Assistance Program	525,588	_	39,452	565,040	39,452
Temporary Assistance for					
Needy Families	516,330	105,237	290,558	806,888	395,795
Regular Administration	-	-	578,958	578,958	578,958
Child Welfare	1,211,136	242,155	1,329,541	2,540,677	1,571,696
Core Services	174,088	-	339,745	513,833	339,745
Aid to the Needy Disabled	79,816	12,777	-	79,816	12,777
IV-D Administration	-	-	356,826	356,826	356,826
Child Care	283,124	34,965	89,251	372,375	124,216
Miscellaneous	-	-	31,498	31,498	31,498
Subtotal	3,010,312	395,488	3,077,504	6,087,816	3,472,992
Food Assistance	3,134,697	12,711	79,033	3,213,730	91,744
Grand Total	\$ 6,145,009	\$ 408,199	\$ 3,156,537	\$ 9,301,546	\$ 3,564,736

- A. Welfare payments authorized by the Logan County Department of Social Services. These county authorizations are paid by the Colorado Department of Human Services by QUEST debit cards or by electronic funds transfer (EFT).
- B. County share of EBT authorizations. These amounts are settled monthly by a reduction of State cash advances to the county.
- C. Expenditures made by county warrants or other county payment methods.
- D. This represents the total cost of the welfare programs that are administered by Logan County.
- E. This total matches the expenditures on the Social Services Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

Required Supplementary Information (Other than MD&A)

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road and Bridge Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Social Services Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Expenditures Fund

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 6,580,722	\$ 6,580,722	\$ 6,421,070	\$ (159,652)	
Licenses and permits	55,750	55,750	67,564	11,814	
Intergovernmental	681,513	681,513	627,098	(54,415)	
Charges for services	579,500	579,500	769,111	189,611	
Miscellaneous	533,608	533,608	607,921	74,313	
Total revenues	8,431,093	8,431,093	8,492,764	61,671	
Expenditures Current					
General government	3,723,267	3,723,267	3,365,685	357,582	
Judicial	354,645	354,645	354,645	-	
Public safety	3,766,063	3,766,063	3,549,216	216,847	
Health and welfare	431,840	431,840	431,760	80	
Auxiliary services	553,304	553,304	517,194	36,110	
Miscellaneous	921,831	921,831	558,824	363,007	
Debt service					
Principal	13,000	13,000	42,499	(29,499)	
Interest and fiscal charges	500	500	350	150	
Capital outlay	399,723	399,723	207,237	192,486	
Total expenditures	10,164,173	10,164,173	9,027,410	1,136,763	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(1,733,080)	(1,733,080)	(534,646)	1,198,434	
Other financing sources (uses)			5 010	5010	
Sale of assets			7,213	7,213	
Capital lease proceeds	(05,000)	(05.000)	119,334	119,334	
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(17,000)	8,000	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(25,000)	(25,000)	109,547	134,547	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,758,080)	\$ (1,758,080)	(425,099)	\$ 1,332,981	
Fund balance at beginning of year			4,158,778		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 3,733,679		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Road and Bridge Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,669,891	\$ 1,669,891	\$ 1,737,939	\$ 68,048	
Intergovernmental	2,842,000	2,842,000	3,512,232	670,232	
Charges for services	1,000	1,000	32,072	31,072	
Miscellaneous	63,000	63,000	65,696	2,696	
Total revenues	4,575,891	4,575,891	5,347,939	772,048	
Expenditures					
General government	60,000	60,000	64,059	(4,059)	
Public works	5,065,187	5,065,187	4,711,642	353,545	
Capital outlay	345,000	345,000	362,542	(17,542)	
Reserve for contingency	40,000	40,000		40,000	
Total expenditures	5,510,187	5,510,187	5,138,243	371,944	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(934,296)	(934,296)	209,696	1,143,992	
Other financing sources					
Sale of assets			84,146	84,146	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (934,296)	\$ (934,296)	293,842	\$ 1,228,138	
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,517,210		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,811,052		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Social Services Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues	Originar		Actual		
Taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 838,943 3,005,757 12,200	\$ 838,943 3,005,757 12,200	\$ 824,952 2,860,010 18,974	\$ (13,991) (145,747) 6,774	
Total revenues	3,856,900	3,856,900	3,703,936	(152,964)	
Expenditures					
Health and welfare	3,993,623	3,993,623	3,564,736	428,887	
Total expenditures	3,993,623	3,993,623	3,564,736	428,887	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (136,723)	\$ (136,723)	139,200	\$ 275,923	
Fund balance at beginning of year			661,676		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 800,876		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Capital Expenditures Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 400,487	\$ 400,487	\$ 383,789	\$ (16,698)	
Intergovernmental	1,119,397	1,119,397	724,014	(395,383)	
Charges for services	1,500	1,500	1,897	397	
Miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	3,022	(978)	
Total revenues	1,525,384	1,525,384	1,112,722	(412,662)	
Expenditures					
General government	29,500	29,500	29,023	477	
Capital outlay	1,856,849	1,856,849	1,420,273	436,576	
Debt service	-,,	-,,	-,,	,	
Principal	131,027	131,027	131,027		
Interest and fiscal charges	14,245	14,245	14,245		
Reserve for contingency	676,182	676,182	425	675,757	
round to to commission	070,102		140	0,0,10,	
Total expenditures	2,707,803	2,707,803	1,594,993	1,112,810	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,182,419)	(1,182,419)	(482,271)	700,148	
Other financing sources Sale of assets			50.500	50 500	
Sale of assets			59,580	59,580	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,182,419)	\$ (1,182,419)	(422,691)	\$ 759,728	
Fund balance at beginning of year, as originally reported			758,536		
Prior period adjustment			132,420		
Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated			890,956		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 468,265		

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Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- General Fund Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures
- Road and Bridge Fund Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures
- Social Services Fund Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures
- Capital Expenditures Fund- Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures
- Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Fund

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General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all transactions of the County not required to be accounted for in other funds. This fund represents an accounting of the County's ordinary operations financed primarily from tax dollars and intergovernmental aid. It is the most significant fund in relation to the County's overall operations. The schedules of revenues and expenditures are included to provide a greater level of detail to the reader of the financial statements.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO General Fund Schedule of Revenues Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Taxes					
General property	\$ 5,414,931	\$ 5,414,931	\$ 5,260,920	\$ (154,011)	
Specific ownership	649,791	649,791	502,783	(147,008)	
Delinquent taxes and interest	500.000	E00.000	5,840	5,840	
Sales tax	500,000	500,000	630,755	130,755	
Use tax	12,000	12,000	13,899	1,899	
Tax advertising	3,000	3,000	5,639	2,639	
Tax sale	1,000	1,000	1,234	234	
Total taxes	6,580,722	6,580,722	6,421,070	(159,652)	
Licenses and permits					
Liquor licenses	750	750	400	(350)	
Building and special use permits	50,000	50,000	62,194	12,194	
Zoning fees and permits	5,000	5,000	4,970	(30)	
Total licenses and permits	55,750	55,750	67,564	11,814	
Intergovernmental					
Cigarette taxes	3,200	3,200	4,774	1,574	
State veterans affairs	1,200	1,200	900	(300)	
Cost allocation	91,721	91,721	33,710	(58,011)	
Mineral leasing			46,916	46,916	
Non-county prisoners	450,000	450,000	374,354	(75,646)	
Victims assistance grant	57,392	57,392	58,927	1,535	
Guard hours and mileage	30,000	30,000	29,374	(626)	
Emergency medical service	15,000	15,000	8,030	(6,970)	
Task force grant	4,000	4,000	11,119	7,119	
Emergency management	29,000	29,000	27,923	(1,077)	
Bulletproof vests grant			1,876	1,876	
Desoto financial revenue			15,815	15,815	
Inmate counseling grant			2,126	2,126	
DUI enforcement			5,929	5,929	
Search and rescue grant			2,660	2,660	
Click it or ticket grant			2,665	2,665	
Total intergovernmental	681,513	681,513	627,098	(54,415)	

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Charges for services				<u> </u>	
Sheriff's fees	30,000	30,000	51,009	21,009	
County clerk's fees	170,000	170,000	191,973	21,973	
County treasurer's fees	250,000	250,000	314,496	64,496	
County clerk's registration fees	100,000	100,000	153,787	53,787	
County court fees	9,000	9,000	11,636	2,636	
Public trustee fees	17,000	17,000	41,265	24,265	
Assessor's fees	3,500	3,500	4,945	1,445	
Total charges for services	579,500	579,500	769,111	189,611	
Miscellaneous					
Earnings on investments	120,000	120,000	37,573	(82,427)	
Reimbursement of salary	5,000	5,000	10,496	5,496	
Reimbursement of pest salary	38,338	38,338	38,338		
Reimbursement for county	-	•	•		
attorney	94,500	94,500	91,929	(2,571)	
Reimbursement for lodging	•	•	•	, , ,	
tax salary	15,000	15,000	15,000		
Proceeds from insurance claims	•	•	17,483	17,483	
CCCOERA forfeitures			4,531	4,531	
Work release	20,000	20,000	40,956	20,956	
Rents	90,000	90,000	128,704	38,704	
Clerk E-recording	25,000	25,000	9,470	(15,530)	
Drug awareness program	·	•	1,000	1,000	
Exhibit center rent	2,000	2,000	7,213	5,213	
Sheriff revenue - restitution			16,426	16,426	
Sheriff's office commissary	25,000	25,000	43,205	18,205	
Proceeds from seizures	5,000	5,000	1	(4,999)	
Inmate phone revenue	20,000	20,000	20,267	267	
Extension office	40,000	40,000	33,036	(6,964)	
Concealed weapons permit fees	1,000	1,000	4,865	3,865	
Vehicle inspection fees			1,195	1,195	
Fingerprint card fees			2,110	2,110	
Reimbursement of expenditures	5,500	5,500	48,235	42,735	
Lieu of taxes			92	92	
Uninsured motorist fees	20,844	20,844	4,743	(16,101)	
Silver sneaker revenue	-	•	2,468	2,468	
Inmate funds	426	426	1,725	1,299	
Other			15,022	15,022	

(Continued)

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO General Fund Schedule of Revenues Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

(Continued)	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Sheriff posse revenue Sheriff admin revenue	5,000 1,000	5,000 1,000	8,448 3,390	3,448 2,390	
Total miscellaneous	533,608	533,608	607,921	74,313	
Total revenue	\$ 8,431,093	\$ 8,431,093	\$ 8,492,764	\$ 61,671	

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LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO General Fund Schedule of Expenditures Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts				Fina	ance with al Budget vorable		
		Original		Final	Actual		(Unfavorable)	
General government						-		
Commissioners								
Salaries	\$	236,570	\$	236,570	\$ 238,840	\$	(2,270)	
Social security		14,667		14,667	13,677		990	
Medicare		3,430		3,430	3,198		232	
Workman's compensation		773		773	773		-	
Retirement		9,463		9,463	9,554		(91)	
Health insurance		27,648		27,648	27,186		462	
Life insurance		302		302	255		47	
Disability insurance		328		328	337		(9)	
Office supplies		5,500		5,500	3,704		1,796	
Professional services		2,000		2,000	95		1,905	
Telephone		4,000		4,000	3,436		564	
Postage		650		650	461		189	
Advertising		5,000		5,000	3,201		1,799	
Unemployment insurance		183		183	120		63	
Bonds		90		90	90		-	
Maintenance on equipment		500		500	151		349	
Maintenance contracts		2,000		2,000	1,511		489	
Miscellaneous		500		500	304		196	
Dues and meetings		7,000	_	7,000	6,840		160	
Total commissioners		320,604		320,604	313,733		6,871	
Attorney								
Salaries		195,980		195,980	193,710		2,270	
Social security		12,151		12,151	11,065		1,086	
Medicare		2,842		2,842	2,588		254	
Workman's compensation		571		571	571		-	
Retirement		7,946		7,946	7,748		198	
Health insurance		18,432		18,432	18,546		(114)	
Life insurance		201		201	191		10	
Disability insurance		1,049		1,049	1,072		(23)	
Office supplies		2,400		2,400	913		1,487	
Library		3,800		3,800	3,368		432	
Professional services		50,000		50,000	50,802		(802)	
Telephone		2,132		2,132	2,249		(117)	
Postage		200		200	163		37	

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Advertising and legal notices	600	600	154	446
Maintenance on equipment	1,000	1,000	584	416
Unemployment	588	588	364	224
Dues and meetings	4,580	4,580	3,752	828
Total attorney	304,472	304,472	297,840	6,632
Surveyor				
Surveying and drafting	2,000	2,000		2,000
Engineering and land acquisition	2,500	2,500		2,500
Surveyor plats	400	400		400
Total surveyor	4,900	4,900	-	4,900
Public trustee				
Salary	12,500	12,500	12,878	(378)
Social security	775	775	707	68
Medicare	181	181	165	16
Workman's compensation	36	36	36	-
Retirement	500	500	515	(15)
Health insurance	1,062	1,062	1,088	(26)
Life insurance	12	12	12	-
Miscellaneous	500	500	201	500
Dues and meetings	1,500	1,500	281	1,219
Total public trustee	17,066	17,066	15,682	1,384
Planning and zoning				
Salaries	100,373	100,373	100,738	(365)
Social security	6,223	6,223	5,357	866
Medicare	1,455	1,455	1,253	202
Workman's compensation	271	271	271	-
Retirement	4,015	4,015	4,030	(15)
Health insurance	12,288	12,288	12,364	(76)
Life insurance	134	134	114	20
Disability insurance	542	542	557	(15)
Office supplies	3,000	3,000	2,271	729
Compensation of boards	500	500	442	58
Contract services	30,000	30,000	46,815	(16,815)

(continued)

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO General Fund Schedule of Expenditures Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Telephone	1,400	1,400	969	431
Postage	1,100	1,100	583	517
Travel and transportation	2,000	2,000	1,291	709
Advertising	600	600	169	431
Printing	350	350		350
Unemployment insurance	301	301	176	125
Maintenance on equipment	600	600	681	(81)
Maintenance contracts	2,300	2,300	890	1,410
Software support	500	500		500
Miscellaneous	50	50		50
Dues and meetings	1,500	1,500	977	523
Staff training	850	850	25	825
Total planning and zoning	170,352	170,352	179,973	(9,621)
Finance				
Salaries	113,062	113,062	110,964	2,098
Social security	7,010	7,010	6,728	282
Medicare	1,639	1,639	1,574	65
Workman's compensation	293	293	293	-
Retirement	4,522	4,522	4,438	84
Health insurance	18,432	18,432	18,546	(114)
Life insurance	201	201	201	- '
Disability insurance	610	610	613	(3)
Office supplies	2,000	2,000	1,412	588
Telephone	1,900	1,900	1,650	250
Postage	1,200	1,200	1,092	108
Unemployment insurance	339	339	221	118
Bonds	135	135	135	-
Maintenance on equipment	350	350	343	7
Maintenance contracts	1,400	1,400	1,271	129
Miscellaneous	50	50	-,-/*	50
Staff training	500	500	424	76
Dues and meetings	500	500	108	392
Total finance	154,143	154,143	150,013	4,130

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Central data processing					
Finance office supplies	1,500	1,500	1,468	32	
Clerks office supplies	500	500	441	59	
Commissioners office supplies	1,200	1,200	220	980	
Finance department	27,540	27,540	27,540	-	
GIS mapping system	20,000	20,000	21,614	(1,614)	
Assessment hardware support	3,200	3,200	1,254	1,946	
Assessor software support	85,000	85,000	84,386	614	
Assessor computer lease		,	4,810	(4,810)	
Assessment spatialest	6,000	6,000	•	6,000	
Clerks software maintenance	5,600	5,600	5,610	(10)	
Cabling for network	5,000	5,000		5,000	
Treasurer webpage	6,000	6,000	6,000	-	
Document storage	32,424	32,424	32,424	-	
Mail server	5,000	5,000	3,542	1,458	
Treasurer system	92,832	92,832	92,832	-	
Large copy machine	2,000	2,000	1,340	660	
Total central data processing	293,796	293,796	283,481	10,315	
Clerk and recorder					
Salaries	303,468	303,468	297,261	6,207	
Social security	18,815	18,815	18,069	746	
Medicare	4,595	4,595	4,226	369	
Workman's compensation	805	805	805	-	
Retirement	11,735	11,735	11,005	730	
Health insurance	55,296	55,296	54,102	1,194	
Life insurance	603	603	567	36	
Disability insurance	1,267	1,267	1,257	10	
Office supplies	7,400	7,400	7,285	115	
Professional services	35,000	35,000	35,000	-	
Telephone	6,000	6,000	5,112	888	
Postage	16,000	16,000	11,259	4,741	
Uninsured motorist fees	20,844	20,844	1,836	19,008	
Advertising	250	250	121	129	
Unemployment insurance	735	735	475	260	
Maintenance on equipment	1,305	1,305	59	1,246	
Maintenance contracts	4,300	4,300	3,317	983	

(continued)	Budgeted A	geted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Building rental	75	75	75	-
Miscellaneous	200	200	200	-
E-Recording	25,000	25,000	9,470	15,530
Dues and meetings	3,500	3,500	2,458	1,042
Total clerk and recorder	517,193	517,193	463,959	53,234
Elections				
Election judges	74,000	74,000	56,006	17,994
Social security			2,495	(2,495)
Medicare			584	(584)
Workman's compensation	1,049	1,049	1,049	-
Office supplies	54,000	54,000	45,623	8,377
Professional services	1,250	1,250	1,022	228
Telephone	120	120	79	41
Postage	9,000	9,000	11,804	(2,804)
Travel and transportation	900	900	730	170
Advertising	2,500	2,500	3,228	(728)
Maintenance contracts	12,000	12,000	9,759	2,241
Rental-buildings	330	330	145	185
Miscellaneous	800	800	406	394
Warranty maintenance	15,834	15,834	15,834	-
Dues and meetings	1,500	1,500	396	1,104
HAVA compliance	300	300		300
Unemployment insurance			1	(1)
Staff training	500	500	421	79
Total elections	174,083	174,083	149,582	24,501
Treasurer				
Salaries	162,075	162,075	161,820	255
Social security	10,049	10,049	9,593	456
Medicare	2,350	2,350	2,243	107
Workman's compensation	475	475	475	_
Retirement	6,463	6,463	5,535	928
Health insurance	24,576	24,576	18,008	6,568
Life insurance	268	268	247	21
Disability insurance	547	547	547	
Office supplies	12,000	12,000	7,828	4,172
Professional services	10,000	10,000	674	9,326

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Telephone	3,200	3,200	2,747	453	
Postage	12,500	12,500	10,478	2,022	
Travel and transportation			181	(181)	
Advertising	9,000	9,000	8,783	217	
Unemployment insurance	311	311	208	103	
Maintenance on equipment	1,200	1,200	43	1,157	
Maintenance contracts	500	500	350	150	
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	383	617	
Bonds	30	30	10	20	
Dues and meetings	3,000	3,000	3,104	(104)	
Total treasurer	259,544	259,544	233,257	26,287	
Assessor					
Salaries	358,694	358,694	357,177	1,517	
Social security	22,239	22,239	21,154	1,085	
Medicare	5,201	5,201	4,948	253	
Workman's compensation	3,838	3,838	3,838	-	
Retirement	14,340	14,340	14,287	53	
Health insurance	55,296	55,296	43,451	11,845	
Life insurance	603	603	584	19	
Disability insurance	1,619	1,619	1,645	(26)	
Office supplies	7,000	7,000	7,319	(319)	
Appraisal subscriptions	1,500	1,500	669	831	
Professional services	34,300	34,300	32,850	1,450	
Telephone	4,700	4,700	4,783	(83)	
Postage	7,500	7,500	1,757	5,743	
Travel and transportation	4,200	4,200	5,045	(845)	
Advertising	800	800	51	749	
Unemployment insurance	901	901	575	326	
Maintenance on equipment	2,000	2,000	40	1,960	
Maintenance contracts	2,200	2,200	2,327	(127)	
Miscellaneous	100	100	48	52	
Dues and meetings	4,000	4,000	3,701	299	
Staff training	5,000	5,000	6,762	(1,762)	
Total assessor	536,031	536,031	513,011	23,020	

(continued)	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Maintenance of buildings					
Salaries	225,335	225,335	211,762	13,573	
Social security	13,971	13,971	12,496	1,475	
Medicare	3,267	3,267	2,923	344	
Workman's compensation	5,567	5,567	5,567	-	
Retirement	8,973	8,973	4,762	4,211	
Health insurance	43,008	43,008	38,061	4,947	
Life insurance	469	469	403	66	
Disability insurance	1,097	1,097	1,047	50	
Operating supplies	80,000	80,000	59,588	20,412	
Gas, oil and anitfreeze	4,500	4,500	4,635	(135)	
Maintenance supplies	4,000	4,000	2,271	1,729	
Maintenance on pickup	2,500	2,500	605	1,895	
Professional services	25,320	25,320	14,771	10,549	
Telephone	5,700	5,700	6,537	(837)	
Advertising	200	200	759	(559)	
Unemployment insurance	676	676	412	264	
Utilities	380,000	380,000	318,943	61,057	
Maintenance on building	100,000	100,000	40,944	59,056	
Gazebo	1,000	1,000	189	811	
Grass and tree replacement	4,000	4,000		4,000	
Maintenance on equipment	30,000	30,000	15,136	14,864	
Maintenance contracts	22,000	22,000	14,749	7,251	
Equipment rental	1,000	1,000	413	587	
Miscellaneous	500	500	180	320	
Christmas lighting	5,500	5,500	7,876	(2,376)	
Staff training	2,500	2,500	110	2,390	
Dues and meetings			15	(15)	
Subtotal	971,083	971,083	765,154	205,929	
Capital outlay			1,166	(1,166)	
Total maintenance of buildings	971,083	971,083	766,320	204,763	
Total general government	3,723,267	3,723,267	3,366,851	356,416	
Central purchases					
Capital outlay	389,723	389,723	201,585	188,138	

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Judícial				
District attorney				
Professional services	354,645	354,645	354,645	
Total judicial	354,645	354,645	354,645	•
Public safety				
Sheriff				
Salaries	1,030,464	1,030,464	982,985	47,479
Social security	63,889	63,889	60,416	3,473
Medicare	14,942	14,942	14,128	814
Workman's compensation	24,162	24,162	24,162	-
Retirement	40,487	40,487	34,259	6,228
Health insurance	159,744	159,744	135,515	24,229
Life insurance	1,742	1,742	1,454	288
Disability insurance	5,052	5,052	4,585	467
Operating supplies	18,000	18,000	15,458	2,542
Duty and training ammunition	7,000	7,000	4,098	2,902
Professional services	1,000	1,000	536	464
E 911 dispatching services	156,000	156,000	151,157	4,843
Concealed weapons permit	500	500	100	400
Drug awareness program	2,000	2,000	3,038	(1,038)
Sexual assault kits/exams	5,100	5,100		5,100
Telephone	30,000	30,000	26,888	3,112
Cable tv	1,750	1,750	1,392	358
Postage	5,000	5,000	3,612	1,388
Travel and transportation	50,000	50,000	72,537	(22,537)
Advertising	1,500	1,500	834	666
Unemployment insurance	2,863	2,863	1,846	1,017
Bonds	302	302		302
Maintenance on cars	45,000	45,000	27,219	17,781
Maintenance on equipment	2,000	2,000	1,222	778
Maintenance contracts	12,000	12,000	7,130	4,870
Posse and special deputy	2,500	2,500	169	2,331
Miscellaneous	500	500	425	75
Dues and meetings	5,000	5,000	4,220	780
Uniforms	4,000	4,000	3,017	983
Task force	2,000	2,000	1,830	170
Vests	5,000	5,000	3,708	1,292

(continued)

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actua1	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Search and rescue	2,000	2,000	4,702	(2,702)
Staff training	5,000	5,000	2,720	2,280
Psychological evaluations	1,000	1,000	795	205
Investigative work	6,000	6,000	6,855	(855)
Investigative physicals	1,000	1,000		1,000
Savings and checking	5,000	5,000	100	4,900
Sheriff admin expenditures	1,000	1,000	3,146	(2,146)
Subtotal	1,720,497	1,720,497	1,606,258	114,239
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	745	9,255
Total sheriff	1,730,497	1,730,497	1,607,003	123,494
Jail				
Salaries	965,882	965,882	932,710	33,172
Social security	59,885	59,885	56,278	3,607
Medicare	14,005	14,005	13,163	842
Workman's compensation	31,759	31,759	31,759	-
Retirement	37,099	37,099	29,395	7,704
Health insurance	165,888	165,888	154,518	11,370
Life insurance	1,809	1,809	1,642	167
Disability insurance	5,005	5,005	4,810	195
Operating supplies	40,000	40,000	33,828	6,172
Food and meals	265,000	265,000	232,427	32,573
Other medical	220,000	220,000	213,052	6,948
Travel and transportation	20,000	20,000	8,000	12,000
Unemployment insurance	2,898	2,898	1,846	1,052
Maintenance on equipment	2,000	2,000	772	1,228
Inmate counseling grant			2,125	(2,125)
Commissary account	25,000	25,000	46,938	(21,938)
Total jail	1,856,230	1,856,230	1,763,263	92,967
Coroner				
Salaries	33,100	33,100	31,628	1,472
Social security	2,052	2,052	1,906	146
Medicare	480	480	446	34
Workman's compensation	297	297	297	-
Retirement	1,324	1,324	1,265	59
Health insurance	6,144	6,144	6,182	(38)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Life insurance	67	67	67	-
Office supplies	150	150		150
Autopsies	22,500	22,500	21,319	1,181
Contract services	10,500	10,500	15,900	(5,400)
Secretarial	500	500	500	-
Toxicology	6,750	6,750	3,954	2,796
Calls	3,400	3,400	2,125	1,275
Transport	12,500	12,500	6,250	6,250
Telephone and pager	725	725	527	198
Bonds	950	950		950
Miscellaneous	1,100	1,100	921	179
Dues and meetings	1,000	1,000	1,000	-
Education	2,100	2,100	2,018	82
Investigations	500	500		500
Total coroner	106,139	106,139	96,305	9,834
Victim's assistant				
Salaries	50,592	50,592	49,694	898
Social security	3,137	3,137	3,101	36
Medicare	734	734	725	9
Workman's compensation	172	172	172	-
Retirement	1,565	1,565	1,565	-
Health insurance	6,144	6,144	6,182	(38)
Life insurance	67	67	37	30
Disability insurance	273	273	224	49
Office supplies			237	(237)
County funded	1,275	1,275	494	781
Telephone	320	320	239	81
Postage			18	(18)
Travel and transportation			5,094	(5,094)
Unemployment insurance	152	152	103	49
Dues and meetings	980	980		980
Vehicle maintenance			37	(37)
Subtotal	65,411	65,411	67,922	(2,511)
Capital outlay			1,594	(1,594)
Total victim's assistant	65,411	65,411	69,516	(4,105)

(continued)

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Sheriff posse				
Workman's compensation	786	786	786	-
Operating supplies	500	500	135	365
Utilities	3,000	3,000	2,288	712
Maintenance on buildings	1,500	1,500	1,153	347
Maintenance on equipment	500	500	16 106	484
Maintenance on vehicles	3,000	3,000		2,894 449
Reloading and training	3,500 5,000	3,500 5,000	3,051 7,933	(2,933)
Sheriff posse account			7,933	(2,933)
Total sheriff posse	17,786	17,786	15,468	2,318
Total public safety	3,776,063	3,776,063	3,551,555	224,508
Health and welfare				
Health department	210,529	210,529	210,529	
Total health department	210,529	210,529	210,529	-
Mental health				
Centennial mental health	45,735	45,735	45,735	-
Eastern colorado services	85,276	85,276	85,276	-
Senate bill 435	300	300	220	80
Total mental health	131,311	131,311	131,231	80
Ambulance				
Subsidy	90,000	90,000	90,000	
Total health and welfare	431,840	431,840	431,760	80
Auxiliary services				
Extension				
Salaries	209,362	209,362	175,293	34,069
Social security	9,004	9,004	8,769	235
Medicare	2,106	2,106	2,051	55
Workman's compensation	1,401	1,401	1,401	-
Retirement	5,249	5,249	3,646	1,603
Health insurance	18,000	18,000	16,943	1,057
Life insurance	201	201	177	24
Disability insurance	680	680	706	(26)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Office supplies	5,000	5,000	4,352	648
Agronomy agent	2,900	2,900	2,820	80
Telephone	3,000	3,000	3,109	(109)
Postage	950	950	1,703	(753)
Travel and transportation	5,000	5,000	2,499	2,501
Advertising	300	300		300
Unemployment insurance	436	436	287	149
Maintenance on equipment	2,500	2,500	1,286	1,214
Maintenance contracts	2,000	2,000	4,114	(2,114)
Building rentals	15,900	15,900	15,900	-
Miscellaneous	300	300		300
Dues and meetings	2,000	2,000	1,194	806
Extension office account	40,000	40,000	28,078	11,922
Subtotal	326,289	326,289	274,328	51,961
Capital outlay			1,247	(1,247)
Total extension	326,289	326,289	275,575	50,714
Library				
Bookmobile	32,037	32,037	32,037	-
Fleming	250	250	250	-
Crook	250	250	250	
Total library	32,537	32,537	32,537	
Fairgrounds				
Salaries	32,969	32,969	44,922	(11,953)
Social security	2,044	2,044	2,687	(643)
Medicare	478	478	628	(150)
Workman's compensation	210	210	210	-
Retirement	599	599	601	(2)
Health insurance	3,200	3,200	3,804	(604)
Life insurance	40	40	36	4
Disability insurance	81	81	83	(2)
Gas, oil and antifreeze	3,000	3,000	2,274	726
Maintenance supplies	6,350	6,350	2,916	3,434
Contract services	1,000	1,000	1,329	(329)
Telephone	1,400	1,400	1,934	(534)

(continued)

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Postage Advertising	100	100	55	45
Unemployment insurance Utilities	99 46,000	99 46,000	88 45,307	11 693
Logan well users	900	900	517	383
Maintenance on equipment	2,700	2,700	1,701	999
Miscellaneous	800	800	397	403
Equipment and fixture rental			27	(27)
Subtotal	101,970	101,970	109,516	(7,546)
Capital outlay			900	(900)
Transfer to fair fund	25,000	25,000	17,000	8,000
Total fairgrounds	126,970	126,970	127,416	(446)
Veterans office				
Salaries	6,600	6,600	6,600	-
Social security	409	409	409	-
Medicare	96	96	96	-
Workman's compensation	19	19	19	-
Office supplies	550	550	522	28
Telephone Postage and box rent	450 300	450 300	423 186	27 114
Travel and transportation	200	200	115	85
Unemployment insurance	20	20	13	7
Office rental	1,500	1,500	1,500	-
Dues and meetings	650	650	677	(27)
Total veterans office	10,794	10,794	10,560	234
Heritage center				
Salaries	35,030	35,030	32,996	2,034
Social security	2,172	2,172	1,721	451
Medicare	508	508	402	106
Workman's compensation	89	89	89	-
Retirement	1,277	1,277	1,184	93
Health insurance	6,144	6,144	6,182	(38)
Life insurance	67	67	67	-
Disability insurance	172	172	178	(6)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Operating supplies	2,300	2,300	3,566	(1,266)
Maintenance supplies	350	350	215	135
Silver Sneaker expenses			821	(821)
Professional services	1,500	1,500	1,045	455
Telephone	850	850	757	93
Unemployment insurance	105	105	57	48
Utilities	19,000	19,000	17,680	1,320
Maintenance on buildings	3,500	3,500	12,426	(8,926)
Maintenance on equipment	400	400	537	(137)
Miscellaneous	100	100		100
Dues and meetings		300		300
Total heritage center	73,864	73,864	79,923	(6,059)
Desoto youth				
Operating supplies	400	400	232	168
Telephone	400	400	340	60
Utilities	6,000	6,000	6,886	(886)
Maintenance on buildings	1,000	1,000	132	868
Maintenance on equipment	50	50		50
Desoto financial expense			2,740	(2,740)
Total desoto youth	7,850	7,850	10,330	(2,480)
Total auxiliary services	578,304	578,304	536,341	41,963
Tourist information center				
Salaries	37,144	37,144	36,254	890
Social security	2,303	2,303	1,938	365
Medicare	539	539	453	86
Workman's compensation	92	92	92	-
Retirement	1,086	1,086	1,081	5
Health insurance	6,144	6,144	6,182	(38)
Life insurance	67	67	20	47
Disability insurance	146	146	150	(4)
Unemployment insurance		111 -	64	47
Total tourist information				
center	47,632	47,632	46,234	1,398

(continued)

(continued)	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental cooperation				
NECALG	19,347	19,347	19,347	-
NECTA	57,842	57,842	57,842	
Total intergovernmental				
cooperation	77,189	77,189	77,189	-
Miscellaneous account				
Gravel permits annual fee	8,500	8,500	11,113	(2,613)
Miscellaneous reserve	18,000	18,000	7,719	10,281
Abatement refunds	5,000	5,000	2,735	2,265
Logan county chamber dues	600	600	600	-
Christmas	6,500	6,500	8,726	(2,226)
CCI dues	12,582	12,582	12,582	(-,,
Physician recruitment	2,500	2,500	2,500	-
Postage machine	5,000	5,000	3,003	1,997
Unemployment account services	1,000	1,000	890	110
NACO	407	407	407	_
Property liability insurance	101,995	101,995	97,811	4,184
Auditing and budgeting	12,000	12,000	11,744	256
Maintenance on county van	5,000	5,000	2,522	2,478
Reimbursed prison funds	426	426	36	390
Cafeteria plan expense	3,400	3,400	3,360	40
Literacy coalition	2,000	2,000	2,000	-
Small business development	1,000	1,000	1,000	_
Baby Bear Hugs	5,000	5,000	5,000	_
Audit adjustment	-,	-,	4,536	(4,536)
Treasurers fees	125,000	125,000	118,152	6,848
Salary survey	-	-	,	-
EMS subsidy	15,000	15,000	8,030	6,970
Mined land reclamation	2,000	2,000	1,351	649
Emergency manager	29,000	29,000	37,768	(8,768)
LC chamber marketing	4,000	4,000	4,000	(0,700)
Communications tower utilities	7,600	7,600	6,357	1,243
Economic development	39,000	39,000	39,000	1,210
Cooperating ministry	7,500	7,500	7,500	
LC chamber billboard assistance	17,000	17,000	17,000	
Fire fighting reserve	10,000	10,000	17,000	10,000
Contingency reserve	350,000	350,000	17,959	332,041
Total miscellaneous account	797,010	797,010	435,401	361,609

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Debt service				
Principal	13,000	13,000	42,499	(29,499)
Interest and fiscal charges	500	500	350	150
Total debt service	13,500	13,500	42,849	(29,349)
Total expenditures	\$ 10,189,173	\$ 10,189,173	\$ 9,044,410	\$ 1,144,763

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Road and Bridge Fund

The Road and Bridge Fund records costs related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. By State law, Colorado counties are required to maintain a Road and Bridge Fund and a portion of road and bridge taxes is allocated to cities and towns for use in their road and street activities.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Road and Bridge Fund Schedule of Revenues Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes				
General property	\$ 1,032,891	\$ 1,032,891	\$ 996,008	\$ (36,883)
Specific ownership	125,000	125,000	95,904	(29,096)
Delinquent taxes and interest	E00.000	500.000	1,338	1,338
Sales	500,000	500,000	630,755	130,755
Use	12,000	12,000	13,934	1,934
Total taxes	1,669,891	1,669,891	1,737,939	68,048
Intergovernmental				
Highway users tax	2,800,000	2,800,000	3,463,180	663,180
Motor vehicle fee \$1.50	17,000	17,000	20,469	3,469
Motor vehicle fee \$2.50	25,000	25,000	28,583	3,583
Total intergovernmental	2,842,000	2,842,000	3,512,232	670,232
Charges for services				
Materials and services	1,000	1,000	32,072	31,072
Miscellaneous revenue				
Salary reimbursement			4,395	4,395
Insurance proceeds	45,000	45,000	23,086	(21,914)
Miscellaneous	18,000	18,000	38,215	20,215
Total miscellaneous	63,000	63,000	65,696	2,696
Total revenues	\$ 4,575,891	\$ 4,575,891	\$ 5,347,939	\$ 772,048

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		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Fin	ance with al Budget avorable
	(Original		Final	 Actual		favorable)
General government		60.000	e (0.000		6.050	•	(4.050)
Treasurer's fees	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 64,059	\$	(4,059)
Public works							
Salaries		1,653,549		1,653,549	1,606,572		46,977
Sick leave		10,000		10,000			10,000
Social security		103,140		103,140	97,169		5,971
Medicare		24,121		24,121	22,723		1,398
Workman's compensation		99,963		99,963	99,963		-
Retirement		64,542		64,542	62,518		2,024
Health insurance		264,192		264,192	254,817		9,375
Life insurance		2,881		2,881	2,505		376
Disability insurance		8,707		8,707	8,585		122
Office supplies		1,200		1,200	1,147		53
Shop supplies		5,500		5,500	4,601		899
Rug and uniform cleaning		6,500		6,500	6,993		(493)
Road construction supplies		25,000		25,000	11,205		13,795
Crack filling		18,000		18,000	17,945		55
Freight		13,000		13,000	9,583		3,417
Sealcoat		225,000		225,000	214,222		10,778
Road oil overlay		850,000		850,000	862,427		(12,427)
Patching		20,000		20,000	14,978		5,022
Gravel and sand		75,000		75,000	55,024		19,976
Culverts		25,000		25,000	26,463		(1,463)
Steel and iron		4,000		4,000	3,301		699
Road signs		15,000		15,000	14,760		240
Paint		15,000		15,000	15,720		(720)
Chemicals		30,000		30,000	13,906		16,094
Gas, oil and antifreeze		600,000		600,000	509,124		90,876
Tires and tubes		60,000		60,000	51,665		8,335
Maintenance on equipment		150,000		150,000	142,047		7,953
Maintenance on autos		70,000		70,000	130,459		(60,459)
Repair on county vehicles		15,000		15,000	5,795		9,205
Small tools		1,500		1,500	2,095		(595)
Telephone and postage		4,000		4,000	3,273		727
Advertising and legal notices		300		300	363		(63)
Property and liability insurance		44,433		44,433	42,735		1,698
Unemployment insurance		4,991		4,991	3,191		1,800
Utilities		45,000		45,000	26,802		18,198
Maintenance on buildings		5,000		5,000	3,742		1,258
Maintenance on radios		500		500	290		210
Maintenance contracts		360		360	360		-

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Rentals of buildings and land	850	850	850	_
Rentals of equipment	5,000	5,000		5,000
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	177	823
Staff training	1,000	1,000	210	790
Bridge repair and replacement	300,000	300,000	182,599	117,401
Snow and ice removal	10,000	10,000	•	10,000
Municipalities	181,588	181,588	174,085	7,503
Drug testing	450	450	283	167
Auditing and budgeting	3,000	3,000	2,450	550
Cafeteria plan expense	1,920	1,920	1,920	
Total public works	5,065,187	5,065,187	4,711,642	353,545
Capital outlay	345,000	345,000	362,542	(17,542)
Reserve for contingency	40,000	40,000		40,000
Total expenditures	\$ 5,510,187	\$ 5,510,187	\$ 5,138,243	\$ 371,944

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Social Services Fund

The Social Services Fund administers social service programs under state and federal regulations. Programs include, but are not limited to, Medicaid, Food Stamps, foster care programs, senior service programs, job training services, and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). Colorado counties are required by state law to maintain a Social Services Fund.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Social Services Fund Schedule of Revenues Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	l Am	ounts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Tavorable	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues								
Taxes								
General property	\$ 774,668	\$	774,668	\$	750,984	\$	(23,684)	
Specific ownership	64,000		64,000		71,574		7,574	
Delinquent taxes and interest	275	_	275	_	2,394		2,119	
Total taxes	838,943		838,943		824,952		(13,991)	
Intergovernmental								
Old age pension	20,457		20,457		22,479		2,022	
Low-income home energy	-, -		-, -		•		•	
assistance program	41,451		41,451		39,452		(1,999)	
Temporary assistance for	·		•		·		,	
needy families	453,731		453,731		287,401		(166,330)	
Regular administration	477,660		477,660		572,921		95,261	
Child welfare	1,093,579		1,093,579		1,100,994		7,415	
Core services	357,385		357,385		327,259		(30,126)	
Child support enforcement	297,640		297,640		333,501		35,861	
Child care	93,129		93,129		71,401		(21,728)	
Miscellaneous	170,725		170,725		104,602		(66,123)	
Total intergovernmental	3,005,757		3,005,757		2,860,010		(145,747)	
Miscellaneous								
Child support retainage	12,200		12,200		18,974		6,774	
Total revenues	\$ 3,856,900	\$	3,856,900	\$	3,703,936	\$	(152,964)	

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Expenditures							
Health and welfare							
Old age pension	\$	20,957	\$	20,957	\$ 22,029	\$	(1,072)
Low-income energy assistance							
program		41,451		41,451	39,452		1,999
Temporary assistance for							
needy families		662,873		662,873	395,795		267,078
Regular administration		580,325		580,325	578,958		1,367
Child welfare		1,574,562		1,574,562	1,571,696		2,866
Core services		369,206		369,206	339,745		29,461
Aid to the needy disabled		6,250		6,250	12,777		(6,527)
Child support enforcement		379,082		379,082	356,826		22,256
Child care		152,800		152,800	124,217		28,583
Miscellaneous		206,117		206,117	123,241		82,876
Total expenditures	\$	3,993,623	\$	3,993,623	\$ 3,564,736	\$	428,887

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Capital Expenditures Fund

This fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. This fund is financed through a combination of property taxes and state grants.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO
Capital Expenditures Fund
Schedule of Revenues
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Taxes								
General property Specific ownership Delinquent taxes and interest	\$	360,221 40,266	\$	360,221 40,266	\$	349,979 33,446 364	\$	(10,242) (6,820) 364
Total taxes		400,487		400,487		383,789		(16,698)
Intergovernmental								
Courthouse renovation		750,170		750,170		454,693		(295,477)
Court security grant		22,250		22,250		28,183		5,933
Iliff Head Start grant		245,000		245,000		241,138		(3,862)
Emergency storm shelter		101,977		101,977				(101,977)
Total intergovernmental		1,119,397		1,119,397		724,014		(395,383)
Charges for services								
Ballpark sewer tap fee		1,500		1,500		1,897		397
Miscellaneous								
Earnings on investments		4,000		4,000		3,022		(978)
Total revenues	\$	1,525,384	\$	1,525,384	\$	1,112,722	\$	(412,662)

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Expenditures						
General government	Φ 5.500	Φ 7.500	Φ 5.005	A 400		
Treasurer's fees	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,007	\$ 493		
Necta bus contribution	22,000	22,000	22,016	(16)		
Total general government	29,500	29,500	29,023	477		
Capital outlay						
Courthouse renovation	1,203,630	1,203,630	858,058	345,572		
100 acre industrial park	120,000	120,000	223,525	(103,525)		
Emergency comm. center	135,969	135,969	24,330	111,639		
Courthouse security	22,250	22,250	28,875	(6,625)		
Iliff head start grant	245,000	245,000	248,076	(3,076)		
Meeting room updates			23,239	(23,239)		
Video surveilance system	30,000	30,000	13,533	16,467		
Ballpark sewer line	50,000	50,000		50,000		
Wireless area network	50,000	50,000		50,000		
Emergency storm shelter	-		637	(637)		
Total capital outlay	1,856,849	1,856,849	1,420,273	436,576		
Debt service						
Principal	131,027	131,027	131,027	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	14,245	14,245	14,245	-		
_		·				
Total debt service	145,272	145,272	145,272	-		
Reserve for contingency	676,182	676,182	425	675,757		
Total expenditures	\$ 2,707,803	\$ 2,707,803	\$ 1,594,993	\$ 1,112,810		

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Combining Statements and Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Lodging Tourism Tax Fund
- Contingent Fund
- Television Translator Fund
- E 911 Authority
- Solid Waste Disposal Fund
- Conservation Trust Fund
- Fair Fund
- Pest Control Fund

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Lodging Tourism Tax Fund			Contingent Fund		Television Translator Fund		E 911 authority
Assets								
Cash and cash investments	\$	121,322	\$	455,000	\$	280,951	\$	194,928
Property taxes receivable								
Accounts receivable Due from other funds		13,079				9		29,332
Prepaid items								
Total assets	\$	134,401	\$	455,000	\$	280,960	\$	224,260
Liabilities and fund balance Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Deferred property tax revenues	\$	273			\$	3,162	\$	3,611
Deferred revenues						19,655		
Total liabilities		273	\$	-		22,817		3,611
Fund balance Reserved for emergencies Reserved for prepaid items				455,000				
Unreserved		134,128				258,143		220,649
Total fund balance		134,128		455,000		258,143		220,649
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	134,401	\$	455,000	\$	280,960	\$	224,260

			_			_	
	olid Waste Disposal Fund	servation ust Fund		Fair Fund	Pe	st Control Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	1,029,367 44,675 39,407 5,623	\$ 50,597 529	\$	86,188	\$	158,354 91,337 1,236	\$ 2,376,707 136,012 83,063 529 5,738
\$	1,119,072	\$ 51,126	\$	86,188	\$	251,042	\$ 2,602,049
\$	9,254 6,653 44,675	\$ 1,165			\$	601 91,337	\$ 18,066 6,653 136,012 19,655
	60,582	\$ 1,165	\$	-		91,938	180,386
	5,623 1,052,867	 49,961		86,188		3,800 115 155,189	458,800 5,738 1,957,125
_	1,058,490	 49,961	_	86,188	_	159,104	2,421,663
\$	1,119,072	\$ 51,126	\$	86,188	\$	251,042	\$ 2,602,049

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Lodging Tourism Tax Fund		Contingent Fund			elevision ranslator Fund	E 911 Authority	
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	83,044			\$	1,509 20,096 85	\$	178,248 391
Total revenues		83,044	\$	-		21,690		178,639
Expenditures Current General government Public safety Health and welfare						28		90,727
Culture and recreation Public works		87,286				38,917		
Capital outlay						20,096		386,314
Total expenditures		87,286		-		59,041		477,041
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,242)		-		(37,351)		(298,402)
Other financing sources Sale of assets Transfers in								
Total other financing sources				-				-
Net change in fund balance		(4,242)		-		(37,351)		(298,402)
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	138,370		455,000		295,494		519,051
Fund balance at end of year	\$	134,128	\$	455,000	\$	258,143	\$	220,649

			_				
olid Waste Disposal Fund		servation ust Fund		Fair Fund	Pest Control Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 200,616	Φ.	60 F44			\$	101,019	\$ 386,188
372,861 20,730	\$	60,544 300	\$	353,871		8,039	80,640 559,148 375,377
594,207		60,844		353,871		109,058	1,401,353
4,263						1,857	6,148 90,727
		D7 090		250 467		88,617	88,617
440,129		97,982		352,467			596,748 440,129
73,109							459,423
517,501		97,982		352,467		90,474	1,681,792
76,706		(37,138)		1,404		18,584	(280,439)
30,685				17,000			30,685 17,000
30,685				17,000		-	47,685
107,391		(37,138)		18,404		18,584	(232,754)
951,099		87,099		67,784		140,520	2,654,417
\$ 1,058,490	\$	49,961	\$	86,188	\$	159,104	\$ 2,421,663

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Lodging Tourism Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Taxes Lodging tax	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	83,044	\$	48,044
Total revenues		35,000		35,000		83,044		48,044
Expenditures Culture and recreation Special tourism projects Welcome center Tourism manager's salary Fair		93,500 7,000 15,000 4,000		93,500 7,000 15,000 4,000		64,862 4,924 15,000 2,500		28,638 2,076 - 1,500
Total culture and recreation		119,500		119,500		87,286		32,214
Reserve for contingency		3,312		3,312				3,312
Total expenditures		122,812		122,812		87,286		35,526
Net change in fund balance	\$	(87,812)	\$	(87,812)		(4,242)	\$	83,570
Fund balance at beginning of year						138,370		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	134,128		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Contingent Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures		455,000		455,000				455,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>	\$			-	\$	-
Fund balance at beginning of year						455,000		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	455,000		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Television Translator Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues				(011141014010)	
Taxes					
General property	\$ 1,291	\$ 1,291	\$ 1,253	\$ (38)	
Specific ownership	142	142	120	(22)	
Delinquent taxes and interest			136	136	
Total taxes	1,433	1,433	1,509	76	
Intergovernmental					
Digital conversion grant			20,096	20,096	
Miscellaneous		·	85	85	
Total revenues	1,433	1,433	21,690	20,257	
Expenditures					
General government					
Treasurer's fees	26	26	28	(2)	
Culture and recreation					
Supplies and repairs	30,000	30,000	3,904	26,096	
Advertising and legal notices	100	100	,	100	
Professional services	1,000	1,000	582	418	
Telephone	500	500		500	
Property liability insurance	148	148	138	10	
Utilities	14,000	14,000	14,300	(300)	
Maintenance contracts	17,100	17,100	17,037	63	
Equipment replacement reserve	50,000	50,000		50,000	
Tower lease	2,400	2,400	2,826	(426)	
Tariff for TV services			130	(130)	
Total culture and recreation	115,248	115,248	38,917	76,331	
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	20,096	(10,096)	
Total expenditures	125,274	125,274	59,041	66,233	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (123,841)	\$ (123,841)	(37,351)	\$ 86,490	
Fund balance at beginning of year			295,494		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 258,143		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO
E 911 Authority
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Charges for services							
E 911 surcharge	\$	181,000	\$	181,000	\$ 178,248	\$	(2,752)
Miscellaneous Earnings on investments					391		391
Total revenues		181,000		181,000	178,639		(2,361)
Expenditures Public safety							
Office supplies		500		500			500
Professional services		5,000		5,000	425		4,575
Travel and transportation		1,000		1,000			1,000
Insurance		3,500		3,500	1,757		1,743
Equipment and fixture repair		7,000		7,000	2,936		4,064
Dues and meetings		1,000		1,000			1,000
Emergency phone notification		7,200		7,200			7,200
Miscellaneous					75		(75)
Audit		500		500			500
Telephone services		15,000		15,000	12,231		2,769
Emergency manager contract		16,500		16,500	13,424		3,076
Annual operational costs		64,500		64,500	19,930		44,570
Maintenance contract		15,500		15,500	 39,949		(24,449)
Total public safety		137,200		137,200	90,727		46,473
Capital outlay		451,000		451,000	386,314		64,686
Reserve for contingency		190,297		190,297	 		190,297
Total expenditures		778,497		778,497	477,041		301,456
Net change in fund balance	\$	(597,497)	\$	(597,497)	(298,402)	\$	299,095
Fund balance at beginning of year					519,051		
Fund balance at end of year					\$ 220,649		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Solid Waste Disposal Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues Taxes					
General property Specific ownership Delinquent taxes and interest	\$ 187,986 22,559	\$ 187,986 22,559	\$ 182,642 17,455 519	\$ (5,344) (5,104) 519	
Total taxes	210,545	210,545	200,616	(9,929)	
Charges for services					
Landfill disposal fees Recycling fees	300,000	300,000	341,549 12,247	41,549 12,247	
Closure cost surcharge	24,000	24,000	19,065	(4,935)	
Total charges for services	324,000	324,000	372,861	48,861	
Miscellaneous					
CDL testing	24,000	24,000	20,730	(3,270)	
Total revenues	558,545	558,545	594,207	35,662	
Expenditures					
General government					
Treasurer's fees	3,800	3,800	3,663	137	
Financial assurance	700	700	600	100	
Total general government	4,500	4,500	4,263	237	
Public works					
Salaries	194,461	194,461	188,890	5,571	
Social security	12,057	12,057	11,120	937	
Medicare	2,820	2,820	2,600	220	
Workman's compensation	11,126	11,126	11,126	-	
Retirement	6,858	6,858	6,871	(13)	
Health insurance	24,576	24,576	24,178	398	
Life insurance	268	268	244	24	
Disability	767	767	761	6	
Office supplies	1,100	1,100	1,163	(63)	
Operating supplies	20,000	20,000	12,416	7,584	
Gas, oil and antifreeze	40,000	40,000	38,528	1,472	
Solid waste disposal fee	30,000	30,000	21,861	8,139	
Professional services	15,000	15,000	2,751	12,249	
Telephone	2,000	2,000	1,658	342	

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Postage	400	400	270	130
Travel and transportation	1.000	1,000	515	485
Advertising and legal notices	500	500	10	490
Property liability insurance	5,467	5,467	5,185	282
Unemployment insurance	583	583	367	216
Utilities	7,500	7,500	8,464	(964)
Maintenance on building	5,000	5,000	5,010	(10)
Maintenance at landfill	3,000	3,000	3,177	(177)
Tire recycle	4,000	4,000	2,801	1,199
Spraying	1,000	1,000	258	742
Maintenance on equipment	65,000	65,000	27,839	37,161
Maintenance contracts	400	400	360	40
Equipment and fixture rental	15,000	15,000	120	14,880
Miscellaneous	850	850		850
CDL testing	3,000	3,000	2,694	306
Permits	1,000	1,000	380	620
Dues and meetings	2,000	2,000	1,464	536
Well testing	2,500	2,500	1,432	1,068
Equipment replacement reserve	30,000	30,000	21,798	8,202
Emergency reserve			33,554	(33,554)
Cafeteria plan expense	264	264	264	-
Closure costs reserve	50,000	50,000		50,000
Total public works	559,497	559,497	440,129	119,368
Capital outlay	19,310	19,310	73,109	(53,799)
Contingency reserve	189,509	189,509		189,509
Total expenditures	772,816	772,816	517,501	255,315
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(214,271)	(214,271)	76,706	290,977

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Solid Waste Disposal Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

(continued)	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
		Original		Final	Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)
Other financing sources Sale of assets					30,685		30,685
Net change in fund balance	\$	(214,271)	\$	(214,271)	107,391	\$	321,662
Fund balance at beginning of year					951,099		
Fund balance at end of year					\$ 1,058,490		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Conservation Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
		Original		Final		Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Lottery funds	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	60,544	\$	544
Miscellaneous Earnings on investments						300		300
Total revenues		60,000		60,000		60,844		844
Expenditures Culture and recreation Improvements at fairgrounds		116.950		116,950		95,982		20,968
Total culture and recreation		116,950		116,950		95,982		20,968
Reserve for contingencies		17,581		17,581		2,000		15,581
Total expenditures		134,531		134,531		97,982		36,549
Net change in fund balance	\$	(74,531)	\$	(74,531)		(37,138)	\$	37,393
Fund balance at beginning of year						87,099		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	49,961		

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO
Fair Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Miscellaneous								
Fair Earnings on investments	\$	275,825 200	\$	275,825 200	\$	353,122 749	\$	77,297 549
Total revenues		276,025		276,025		353,871		77,846
Expenditures Culture and recreation Supplies Fairboard Video and sound Printing and advertising		8,300 8,350 15,000 33,850		8,300 8,350 15,000 33,850		5,888 8,806 15,640 32,116		2,412 (456) (640) 1,734
Contracted services		208,975		208,975		213,333		(4,358)
Prizes and awards		48,350		48,350		40,552		7,798
Utilities Livestock		11,000 900		11,000 900		11,800 920		(800) (20)
Improvements		900		900		1,056		(1,056)
Miscellaneous		15,375		15,375		22,356		(6,981)
Total culture and recreation		350,100		350,100		352,467		(2,367)
Reserve for contingency		16,545		16,545				16,545
Total expenditures		366,645		366,645		352,467		14,178
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(90,620)		(90,620)		1,404		92,024
Other financing sources Transfers in		25,000		25,000		17,000		(8,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(65,620)	\$	(65,620)		18,404	\$	84,024
Fund balance at beginning of year						67,784		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	86,188		

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LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Pest Control Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Taxes General property Specific ownership Delinquent taxes and interest	\$ 92,673 10,070	\$ 92,673 10,070	\$ 92,832 8,173 14	\$ 159 (1,897) 14	
Total taxes	102,743	102,743	101,019	(1,724)	
Charges for services					
User charges	6,000	6,000	8,039	2,039	
Miscellaneous					
Noxious weed management	5,000	5,000		(5,000)	
Total revenues	113,743	113,743	109,058	(4,685)	
Expenditures					
General government					
Treasurer's fees	1,800	1,800	1,857	(57)	
Health and welfare					
Salaries	10,000	10,000	3,639	6,361	
Social security	620	620	226	394	
Medicare	145	145	53	92	
Workman's compensation	1,290	1,290	1,290	-	
Office supplies	800	800	38	762	
Operating supplies	1,200	1,200	995	205	
Chemicals	52,000	52,000	26,993	25,007	
Gas, oil and antifreeze	4,000	4,000	1,736	2,264	
Professional services	1,500	1,500	425	1,075	
Telephone	700	700	479	221	
Postage Travel and transportation	50 600	50 600	21	29	
Advertising and legal notices	400	400	60	600 340	
Property liability insurance	797	797	765	32	
Unemployment insurance	30	30	7 7	23	
Utilities	4,000	4,000	4,340	(340)	
Repairs and maintenance	6,000	6,000	1,556	4,444	
Rent	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	
Sales tax	.,	-,0	68	(68)	
Salary protection	38,338	38,338	- 2	38,338	
Salary reimbursement	38,338	38,338	38,338	-	

	Budgeted	i Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Prairie dog control	10,000	10,000	4,992	5,008	
Miscellaneous	500	500	216	284	
Dues and meetings	1,500	1,500	245	1,255	
Noxious weed management	5,000	5,000		5,000	
Equipment reserve	40,635	40,635	635	40,000	
Total health and welfare	219,943	219,943	88,617	131,326	
Total expenditures	221,743	221,743	90,474	131,269	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (108,000)	\$ (108,000)	18,584	\$ 126,584	
Fund balance at beginning of year			140,520		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 159,104		

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Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Enterprise Funds

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that provide services that are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO

Logan County Justice Center Finance Corporation Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Operating revenues Charges for services - sales tax Charges for services - use tax	\$ 1,000,000 24,000	\$ 1,000,000 24,000	\$ 1,261,510 27,868	\$ 261,510 3,868	
Total operating revenues	1,024,000	1,024,000	1,289,378	265,378	
Operating expenses Treasurer's fees Professional services Miscellaneous Reserve for contingency	25,000 400 5,956,187	25,000 400 5,956,187	25,616 425 72 1,750	(616) (25) (72) 5,954,437	
Total operating expenses	5,981,587	5,981,587	27,863	5,953,724	
Operating income (loss)	(4,957,587)	(4,957,587)	1,261,515	6,219,102	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Earnings on investments Principal paid on certificates Interest paid on certificates Total nonoperating revenues	80,000 (575,000) (833,335)	80,000 (575,000) (833,335)	81,706 (4,220,000) (447,067)	1,706 (3,645,000) 386,268	
(expenses)	(1,328,335)	(1,328,335)	(4,585,361)	(3,257,026)	
Change in net assets	\$ (6,285,922)	\$ (6,285,922)	(3,323,846)	\$ 2,962,076	
Adjustments to GAAP Basis Add principal paid on certificates Deduct amortization charged to interest expense Deduct depreciation			4,220,000 (41,398) (443,339)		
Change in net assets - GAAP Basis			411,417		
Net assets at beginning of year			6,048,694		
Net assets at end of year			\$ 6,460,111		

Colorado Department of Highways Local Highway Finance Report

This calendar-year report of receipts and expenditures is required by the Colorado Department of Highways to maintain Statewide accountability for moneys used for highway and street purposes. To ensure data accuracy, House Bill 1008 mandates that this report be included in the County's financial statements.

	STATE: Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): 12/10

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITÉM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	997,346	 a. Interest on investments 	
b. Other local imposts:		 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	
Sales Taxes	644,689	c. Parking Garage Fees	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	84,145
4. Licenses		 f. Charges for Services 	32,072
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	95,904	g. Other Misc. Receipts	65,696
6. Total (1. through 5.)	740,593	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	1,737,939	i. Total (a. through h.)	181,913
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	3,463,180	 FHWA (from Item I.D.5.) 	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	3,463,180	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
 b. Project Match 		c. HUD	
 c. Motor Vehicle Registrations 	49,052	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Feder 1 (ARRA)	
f. Total (a. through e.)	49,052	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	3,512,232	3. Total (1, + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HJGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
e. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation		872,471	872,471
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	872,471	872,471
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	872,471	872,471
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

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Single Audit Section

In July 1996, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (the Act) was signed into law. As a result of the new Act, the Office of Management and Budget issued a revision to Circular A-133 titled Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations. This Circular was finalized and released in June 1997. The following schedules and reports are included in the County's financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
NO Product of CVI 44 NVI O		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-through programs from:		
Colorado Department of Human Services:		
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	\$ 458
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	826,807
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	266,267
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	565,040
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	93.645	33,460
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	378,814
Adoption Assistance	93.659	112,156
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	229,479
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	1,122
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	174,767
Other Federal Assistance	93	(363)
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		2,588,007
U.S. Department of Justice		
Pass-through programs from:		
Colorado Division of Criminal Justice:		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	24,847
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	5,093
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	1,876
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2,126
Total U.S. Department of Justice		33,942
U.S. Department of Homeland Security		
Pass-through programs from:		
Colorado Office of Emergency Management:		
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	27,923
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		27,923
U.S. Department of Commerce		
Lower Power Television and Translator Upgrade Program	11.559	20,096
Total U.S. Department of Commerce		20,096
		20,070

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Pass-through programs from:		
Colorado Department of Local Affairs:	14.000	024 120
Community Development Block Grants/State's program	14.228	234,138
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		234,138
SNAP cluster		
U.S. Department of Agriculture:		
Pass-through program from:		
State Administrative Funding for the Food		
Stamp Program	10.561	252,154
Total SNAP cluster		252,154
Emergency food assistance cluster		
U.S. Department of Agriculture:		
Pass-through program from:		
Colorado Department of Human Services:		
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)	10.568	17,330
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)	10.569	48,980
Total emergency food assistance cluster		66,310
CCDF cluster		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:		
Pass-through program from:		
Colorado Department of Human Services:		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	37,071
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds		
of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	179,791
Child Care and Development Block Grant-ARRA	93.713	26,237
Total CCDF cluster		243,099
Total expenditures of federal awards		\$ 3,465,669

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Note A - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Logan County, Colorado and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.



205 Main St. - P.O. Box 1886 Sterling, CO 80751-7886 Phone 970-522-2218 FAX 970-522-2220

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of County Commissioners Logan County Sterling, Colorado

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 29, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the board of county commissioners, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado July 29, 2011

205 Main St. - P.O. Box 1886 - Sterling, CO 80751-7886 Phone 970-522-2218 - FAX 970-522-2220

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of County Commissioners Logan County Sterling, Colorado

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Logan County, Colorado (the County) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify and deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, the Board of County Commissioners, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lauer, Szabo & Associates, P.C.

Sterling, Colorado July 29, 2011

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Summary of auditors' results

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Logan County, Colorado (the County).
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs of the County expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal award programs.
- 6. The audit did not disclose any findings relative to the major federal award programs of the County.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

Low-Income Home Energy Assistance CFDA No. 93.568
CCDF Cluster CFDA Nos. 93.575, 93.596 and 93.713
Foster Care Title IV-E CFDA No. 93.658

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The County qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Findings - financial statement audit

We noted no findings that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Findings and questioned costs - major federal award programs audit

We noted no findings or questioned costs that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

LOGAN COUNTY, COLORADO Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Prior year findings

There were no findings or questioned costs reported for the year ended December 31, 2009.